

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22799 E Sub. Code : JMHI 61

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Sixth Semester

History – Main

HISTORY OF TAMILNADU 1565 AD TO 2000 AD

(For those who joined in July 2016 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Madurai Nayak Dynasty was established by _____.
- (a) Nagama Nayak
(b) Tirumalai Nayak
(c) Viswanatha Nayak
(d) Queen Mangammal

2. _____ foreigners have established their factories during the time of Tanjore Sevappa Nayak.

- (a) British (b) French
(c) Danish (d) Portuguese

3. _____ Sethupathy has declared Ramnad as independent from Tanjore Nayakship.

- (a) Raghunatha Sethupathi I
(b) Kilavan Sethupathy
(c) Tirumalai Sethupathy
(d) Vijaya Raghunatha Sethupathy

4. Father Swartz is God-father of Maratha King _____.

- (a) Serfoji II (b) Amir Singh
(c) Raja Tula Shaji (d) Raja Shivaji

5. By bombing villages _____ claimed Tamilnadu.

- (a) Dutch (b) British
(c) French (d) Portuguese

6. Anglo-French carnatic war is the result of _____.

- (a) Crusades
- (b) Spanish war of succession
- (c) Seven Years war
- (d) Thirty years war

7. _____ professor says the poligari system is not the new discovery of Vijayanagar Nayaks.

- (a) T.V. Mahalingam
- (b) K.A. Nilakantasastrri
- (c) Rajayyan
- (d) Kadirvel

8. Virapandya Kattabomman was hanged at _____.

- (a) Tirunelveli
- (b) Chennai
- (c) Kayattar
- (d) Panchalankurichi

9. Collector Ash was shot dead by a patriot _____.

- (a) Madasamy
- (b) Vanchinathan
- (c) Nilakanta Brahmachari
- (d) Va.Ve.Su. Iyyer

10. The Chief Minister after Rajaji is _____.

- (a) Annadurai
- (b) Karunanithi
- (c) Jeyalalitha
- (d) Kamaraj

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Examine the arts of Madurai Nayak.

Or

(b) Explain the position of foreigners during the period of Senji Nayaks.

12. (a) Write the origin of Sethupathys of Ramnad.

Or

(b) Write about Ekoji of Maratha King.

13. (a) Write the advent of the French.

Or

(b) Write about First Mysore-War.

14. (a) Describe Maruthupandays.

Or

(b) Explain Ryotwari system.

15. (a) Write about self-respect movement.

Or

(b) Explain the administration of Rajaji.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Estimate the achievements of Thirumalai Nayak.

Or

(b) Explain the contribution of Nayaks to the administration.

17. (a) Explain the victories of Kilavan Sethupathi.

Or

(b) Write an essay on the architecture of Marathas.

18. (a) Explain Saint George Fort.

Or

(b) Explain Second French – Carnatic Wars.

19. (a) Describe the causes of South Indian Rebellion.

Or

(b) Write the impact of British rule on education.

20. (a) Examine the services of Christian Missionaries.

Or

(b) Write an essay about the administration of Chief Minister M.G. Ramachandran.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. 22954 E

Sub. Code : SAHI 11

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
APRIL 2019.

First Semester

History – Allied

THEORY OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

SECTION A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Who is the executive head of the presidential form of Government?
(a) Prime Minister
(b) President
(c) Speaker
(d) Majority Party leader
2. One of the elements of state is _____.
(a) Sovereignty (b) Society
(c) Citizen (d) Religion

3. The word "Citizen" is initially used by _____.
(a) Romans (b) Greeks
(c) Persians (d) Egyptians
4. State the country which issue Dual Citizenship
_____.
(a) England (b) India
(c) Russia (d) America
5. _____ is the only example for unwritten constitution.
(a) America (b) France
(c) Switzerland (d) England
6. How many executive heads are there in the unitary form of Government.
(a) One (b) Two
(c) Three (d) Five
7. Who explained the theory of 'Rule of Law'.
(a) Voltaire
(b) Montesque
(c) Daisy
(d) Rousee

8. Real head of the parliamentary form of Government is _____.

- (a) Prime minister (b) President
(c) Supreme Court (d) Speaker

9. One of the important Country which followed one party system _____.

- (a) Switzerland (b) Italy
(c) Russia (d) England

10. Public Opinion is reflected by _____.

- (a) Opposite parties
(b) Government
(c) Political parties
(d) Individual Organisation

SECTION B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) What is Sovereignty? State its importance.

Or

- (b) Mention the necessity of Government and its types.

12. (a) How rights are safeguarded?

Or

- (b) Give an account on the Dual Citizenship given by USA.

13. (a) Whether Big Countries are in need of Federal Government. Suggest your Statement.

Or

- (b) Assess the development of written Constitution.

14. (a) Briefly write the characteristics of Parliamentary form of Government.

Or

- (b) Analyze the significance of Customs in England.

15. (a) What is separation of Power? Explain.

Or

- (b) Estimate the necessity of Political Parties.

SECTION C.— (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Examine the functions of Executive.

Or

- (b) Clarify merits and demerits of the Unicameral legislature.

17. (a) Distinguish rights and duties.

Or

- (b) Examine the hindrance of Good Citizenship.

18. (a) Outline the advantages and disadvantages of Unitary form of Government.

Or

- (b) Estimate the development of Federal Government in India.

19. (a) What is rule of law? State its execution in England.

Or

- (b) Describe the formation and functions of House of Representative in England.

20. (a) Trace the success of Separation of Power in India.

Or

- (b) What are the merits and demerits of Biparty System?
-

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write an essay characteristic of Rousseau.
Or
(b) Assess the political thought of Montesquieu.
17. (a) Write an essay on the Ethical philosophy of Kant.
Or
(b) Give an account of John Stuart Mill's early life.
18. (a) Examine the greatest happiness of the greatest number.
Or
(b) Assess about Bentham.
19. (a) Explain the kinds of socialism.
Or
(b) Bring out the importance of the internationalism.
20. (a) Write an essay on the Rusell theory of state.
Or
(b) Explain the contributions of Nationalism.

Code No. : 22957 E

Sub. Code : SAHI 41

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Fourth Semester

History — Allied

MODERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. When was Thomas Haps born?
(a) 1588 (b) 1589
(c) 1590 (d) 1591
2. What is the name of the book written by Rousseau?
(a) Social contract (b) Economic contract
(c) Political contract (d) Cultural contract
3. Bentham founded _____ magazine.
(a) East (b) West
(c) North (d) South

4. Name the department in which Kant got his degree?

- (a) Theological department
- (b) Mathematic department
- (c) Science department
- (d) Political department

5. Where was Bahyneshav union was formed

- (a) England
- (b) America
- (c) Britain
- (d) China

6. Who had published communist philosophy?

- (a) Karl Marx
- (b) George Soral
- (c) Crabkin
- (d) Spencer

7. The word 'democracy' belongs to _____.

- (a) English word
- (b) Greek word
- (c) French word
- (d) Latin word

8. Where was labour part started?

- (a) 1919
- (b) 1920
- (c) 1921
- (d) 1922

9. Name the second of lakshi?

- (a) spiritual function
- (b) educational function
- (c) social function
- (d) political function

10. Find out the book written by Betrant

- (a) Russell
- (b) Philosophy
- (c) Mathematic
- (d) Linguistic

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Describe the sovereignty.

Or

(b) Give an account of social contract theory of Hobbes.

12. (a) Discuss the political thoughts benthamin.

Or

(b) Bring out the idealistic theory of state.

13. (a) Examine the political philosophy of kant.

Or

(b) Explain the three philosophy spenser.

14. (a) Explain the meaning of socialism.

Or

(b) Describe the kinds of democracy.

15. (a) Examine about the pluralism.

Or

(b) Explain the prominent philosophies of Gandhi.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22944 E

Sub. Code : SMHI 11

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

First Semester

History — Main

HISTORY OF INDIA UPTO 647 A.D.

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The highest peak in the Western Ghats is the _____.
(a) Anaimudi (b) Everest
(c) Deccan (d) Eastern Ghats
2. The oldest Veda is _____.
(a) Rig Veda (b) Atharvana Veda
(c) Hinduism (d) Christianit

3. Buddha delivered his first sermon at

- (a) Saranath (b) Kapilavastu
(c) Ceylon (d) Sanchi

4. Deepavamsam and Mahavamsam are

- (a) Indian Chronicles
(b) Chinese Chronicles
(c) Ceylone Chronicles
(d) Buddhist Chronicles

5. The thirteenth rock edict speaks of Asoka's

- (a) Administration (b) Kalinga War
(c) Buddhism (d) Governmen

6. Magasthenes visiting India during the reign of

- (a) Chandragupta II
(b) Chandragupta Mauyra
(c) Ashoka
(d) Harsha

7. Name the famous physician during the period of Guptas
- (a) Dhanvantri (b) Charaka
(c) Varahamihira (d) Brahmagupta
8. Samudragupta's achievements are mentioned in the _____.
- (a) Kalinga edict
(b) Hathigumpha edict
(c) Indica
(d) Allahabad Prasati
9. Who is the most important ruler in the Vardhamana Empire?
- (a) Harshavardhana
(b) Prabhakaravardhana
(c) Rajyavardhana
(d) Sasanka
10. In whose period did Hiuen - Tsang visit India?
- (a) Ashoka
(b) Chandragupta II
(c) Kanishka
(d) Harshavardhana

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Effects of Geography on the history of India.

Or

- (b) Literary sources of ancient India.

12. (a) Teachings of Buddha.

Or

- (b) Effects of Alexander's invasion of India.

13. (a) Services of Asoka to Buddhism.

Or

- (b) Causes for the decline of Mauryas.

14. (a) Gandhara Art.

Or

- (b) Causes for the downfall of Gupta Dynasty.

15. (a) Kanauj Assembly.

Or

- (b) Hiuen - Tsang's accounts.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Describe the main geographical features of India and state its historical importance.

Or

- (b) Write an essay on the Indus valley civilization.

17. (a) Describe the origin and teachings of Jainism.

Or

- (b) Describe the services of Asoka to Buddhism.

18. (a) Enumerate in detail about the Mauryan Administration.

Or

- (b) Is it right to call Kanishka as Second Asoka? Discuss.

19. (a) The Gupta period is called the "Golden Age of Indian History" Justify the statement.

Or

- (b) Explain the achievements of Samuthra Gupta.

20. (a) Estimate the career and achievements of Harsha.

Or

- (b) Discuss the social and economic condition of Vardhamana Empire.
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(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22947 E Sub. Code : SMHI 21

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Second Semester

History – Main

HISTORY OF INDIA 647 A.D. – 1526 A.D.

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Who was the author of Kalingattu Parani?
 - (a) Jeyamkondan
 - (b) Kalkhanar
 - (c) Siddhanta Siromoni
 - (d) Meghastanese

2. Administrative system of the Rajput were on the basis of _____.
 - (a) Dividing system
 - (b) Jahir system
 - (c) Feudal system
 - (d) None of these
3. Which famous temple was attacked by Muhmud of Ghazni in 1025 A.D.?
 - (a) Somanath Temple
 - (b) Kanchi Temple
 - (c) Madurai Meenakshi Temple
 - (d) Golden Temple
4. Who was called as Slave of Slave?
 - (a) Qutb-ud-din Aibak
 - (b) Iltumish
 - (c) Balban
 - (d) Sultana Raziya
5. Which Yadhava King was defeated by Malikkafur?
 - (a) Rana Hamerra
 - (b) Ramachandrar
 - (c) Veera Pallalar III
 - (d) Karan
6. Who was the founder of Lodi Dynasty?
 - (a) Ibrahim Lodi
 - (b) Kizerkhan
 - (c) Bahlul Lodi
 - (d) Daulatkhan Lodi

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

7. Which won the book of Robert Sewel?

- (a) Rajatharengini
- (b) Indika
- (c) History of Kashmir
- (d) The Forgotten Empire

8. Astahtiggajas was related to which King?

- (a) Devaraya I
- (b) Devaraya II
- (c) Achutaraya
- (d) Krishna Devaraya

9. Name the Russian traveller who visited Bidar during the time of Muhmad Gawan?

- (a) Atenesius Nikattin
- (b) Yusub Adilkhan
- (c) Amir Ali Parit
- (d) Yuan Tsang

10. In which year Bijapur war affected by Famine?

- (a) 1470
- (b) 1474
- (c) 1478
- (d) 1479

11. (a) What are effects of Arabs conquest of Sindh?

Or

(b) Write a note on Humyun Nama.

12. (a) Write about Tarain battle.

Or

(b) Write about Mangol Invasion.

13. (a) Explain the Sayyad Dynasty.

Or

(b) Explain the Lodi Dynasty.

14. (a) Explain the origin of Vijayanager Empire.

Or

(b) Bring out the significance of the Battle of Talaikotta.

15. (a) Narrate the circumstances leading to the foundation of Bahmani Kingdom.

Or

(b) Give an account of the causes for the decline of Bahmini Kingdom.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write about the various theories of Rajputs.

Or

(b) Account for the causes of the capture of Sindh by the Arabs.

17. (a) Quth-din-Aibak.

Or

(b) Iltumish.

18. (a) Explain the South Indian Expedition of Malik-Kafur.

Or

(b) Explain the Firouz Thuglaq's rule.

19. (a) Assess the political and cultural achievement of the rules of Vijayanagar.

Or

(b) Assess the role of Krishna Devraya in the history of Vijayanagar.

20. (a) Write about the achievements of Muhmad Gawan.

Or

(b) Explain the rule of Bahmini rulers.

(8 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22423 B

Sub. Code : SAHI 11

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

First Semester

History — Allied

THEORY OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

(For those who joined in July 2017)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. சட்டத்தை நடைமுறைப்படுத்தப்படும் அமைப்பு
(அ) சட்டத் துறை
(ஆ) செயலாட்சித் துறை
(இ) நீதித்துறை
(ஈ) நிர்வாகம்

Rule implementing body is

- (a) Legislature (b) Executive
(c) Judiciary (d) Administrative

2. அரசு மற்றும் அரசாங்கத்தின் செயல்பாடுகளைப் பற்றி படிப்பது ————— பொருளாகும்.

- (அ) அரசியல் (ஆ) வரலாறு
(இ) பொருளாதாரம் (ஈ) சமூகவியல்

————— is the meaning of to study about state and Governmental functions.

- (a) Politics (b) History
(c) Economics (d) Sociology

3. எந்த விதியானது பேச்சு மற்றும் கருத்திரத்தைப் பற்றி கூறுகிறது

- (அ) 17ம் விதி (ஆ) 18ம் விதி
(இ) 19ம் விதி (ஈ) 20ம் விதி

In which article deals freedom of speech and expression

- (a) Article 17 (b) Article 18
(c) Article 19 (d) Article 20

4. இந்திய அரசியலமைப்பிற்கு பாதுகாவலாக இருப்பது

- (அ) குடியரசுத் தலைவர்
(ஆ) பிரதமர்
(இ) உச்ச நீதிமன்றம்
(ஈ) தேர்தல் ஆணையம்

_____ is the safeguard of the Indian constitution.

- (a) President
- (b) Prime Minister
- (c) Supreme Court
- (d) Election Commission

5. இந்திய அரசியலமைப்பு எதைச் சார்ந்தது
- (அ) நெகிழும் மற்றும் நெகிழாத் தன்மை
 - (ஆ) நெகிழும்
 - (இ) நெகிழாது
 - (ஈ) நெகிழாது மற்றும் நெகிழும்

Indian constitution based on

- (a) Flexible and Rigid
- (b) Flexible
- (c) Rigid
- (d) Unwritten

6. ஜனாதிபதி ஆட்சி முறையை பின்பற்றும் நாடு
- (அ) அமெரிக்கா
 - (ஆ) இந்தியா
 - (இ) இங்கிலாந்து
 - (ஈ) சைனா

Presidential form of Government is

- (a) USA
- (b) India
- (c) UK
- (d) China

7. அமெரிக்கப் பாராளுமன்றத்தின் பெயர்
- (அ) காங்கிரஸ்
 - (ஆ) கென்செப்
 - (இ) டெப்
 - (ஈ) டூமா

American parliament name is

- (a) Congress (b) Kensef
(c) Dief (d) Duma

8. சட்டத்தின் ஆட்சி-இதன் தந்தை என அழைக்கப்படுபவர்

- (அ) Dr. B.R. அம்பெத்கர்
(ஆ) ஏ.வி. டெய்சி
(இ) லார்டு ரிப்பன் பிரபு
(ஈ) பெர்ஹாட்ஷா

Who is a father of rule of law

- (a) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
(b) A.V. Dicey
(c) Lord Rippon
(d) Bernatshaw

9. அமெரிக்காவின் பிரதான அரசியல் கட்சி எது

- (அ) சுதந்திர கட்சி
(ஆ) காங்கிரஸ் கட்சி
(இ) பி.ஜே.பி.
(ஈ) பொது உடமை கட்சி

Which is the leading political party in USA

- (a) Republican
(b) Congress party
(c) B.J.P.
(d) Community Party

10. ஒற்றை கட்சி ஆட்சி முறை பின்பற்றும் தேசம்
(அ) இந்தியா (ஆ) அமெரிக்கா
(இ) சீனா (ஈ) இங்கிலாந்து

Single party system based on the Nation is

- (a) India (b) USA
(c) China (d) UK

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (அ) அரசாங்கத்துக்கும் சமூகத்துக்கும் உள்ள தொடர்பை விவரி.

Discuss the relationship between Government and society.

Or

- (ஆ) சட்டமன்றம் என்றால் என்ன? அதை பற்றி குறிப்பு வரைக.

Write a short note about legislature.

12. (அ) இந்திய குடிமகனின் பொருள் என்ன விளக்குக.

Explain the meaning and definition of citizenship.

Or

- (ஆ) மனித உரிமைகள் இந்தியாவில் எவ்வாறு பாதுகாக்கப்படுகிறது?

How rights are safeguarded in India?

13. (அ) அரசாங்கத்தின் அங்கங்கள் யாவை? விவரி.
Briefly explain the forms of Government.

Or

- (ஆ) நெகிழும் மற்றும் நெகிழா அரசியலமைப்பு - விவரி.
Discuss the flexible and rigid constitution.

14. (அ) நீதிமன்றம் மற்றும் நீதி அமைப்பு இந்தியாவில் எவ்வாறு செயல்படுகிறது - விளக்குக.

Analyse the judiciary system in India.

Or

- (ஆ) சட்டத்தின் ஆட்சி - குறிப்பு வரைக.

Write a short note on rule of law.

15. (அ) இந்தியாவில் அரசியல் கட்சிகளின் பங்கும் பணிகளும் பற்றி ஒரு கட்டுரை எழுதுக.

Write about the role of political parties in India.

Or

- (ஆ) பலகட்சி ஆட்சி முறை - விளக்குக.

Discuss the multi party system.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (அ) அரசாங்கத்தின் தோற்றம் எவ்வாறு ஆரம்பித்தது — விவரி.

Detailly discuss about organs of Government.

Or

- (ஆ) நிர்வாக அமைப்பின் பணிகள்/பங்குகள் பற்றி எழுதுக.

Describe the powers and functions of executive.

17. (அ) குடிமக்களின் உரிமைகள் பற்றி எழுதுக.

Point out the rights of the citizen.

Or

- (ஆ) அடிப்படைக் கடமைகளை பட்டியலிடுக.

List out the fundamental duties.

18. (அ) அரசியலமைப்பின் வகைகளை விவரி.

Detailly discuss about types of Constitutions.

Or

(ஆ) ஒற்றையாட்சி மற்றும் கூட்டாட்சி பற்றி விரிவாக எழுதுக.

Give an account of unitary and federal structure.

19. (அ) அரசாங்கத்தில் பாராளுமன்ற முறை மற்றும் ஜனாதிபதி ஆட்சி முறை பற்றி விரிவாக எழுது.

Analyse the parliamentary and presidential form of Government.

Or

(ஆ) நிர்வாக சட்டத்தின் பணிகள் யாவை? விவரிக்கவும்.

Examine the functions of the Administrative law.

20. (அ) அதிகார பகிர்வு என்பது என்ன என்பதை விளக்கி எழுதுக.

Detailly discuss about the separation of powers.

Or

(ஆ) அழுத்தக் குழுக்களின் பங்குகளும் பணிகள் பற்றி எழுதுக.

Critically evaluate the role and functions of the pressure groups.

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

First Semester

History – Main

PRINCIPLES OF TOURISM

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. 'டூர்' என்ற ஆங்கிலச் சொல் எம்மொழியிலிருந்து பெறப்பட்டது?

- (அ) லத்தின் (ஆ) கிரீக்
(இ) ஆங்கிலம் (ஈ) பிரெஞ்சு

From which language the word 'Tour' was originated?

- (a) Latin (b) Greek
(c) English (d) French

2. இந்திய சுற்றுலா அமைச்சரகம் ஏற்படுத்தப்பட்ட ஆண்டு எது?

- (அ) 1945 (ஆ) 1958
(இ) 1965 (ஈ) 1975

Which year the ministry of tourism was established?

- (a) 1945 (b) 1958
(c) 1965 (d) 1975

3. சர்வதேச சுற்றுலா தினம் இந்த நாளில் கொண்டாடப்படுகிறது?

- (அ) ஜனவரி 25 (ஆ) ஆகஸ்டு 14
(இ) மார்ச் 28 (ஈ) செப்டம்பர் 27

International Tourism day is celebrated on

- (a) January 25 (b) August 14
(c) March 28 (d) September 27

4. உலகில் முதன்முதலாக சுற்றுலாப் பயணத்தை மேற்கொண்டவர்கள் யார்?

- (அ) இந்தியர்கள் (ஆ) ரோமானியர்கள்
(இ) சீனர்கள் (ஈ) ஜப்பானியர்கள்

Who were the first to undertake tourism in the world?

- (a) Indian's (b) Roman's
(c) Chinese (d) Japanese

5. _____ ல் புல்மேன் கோச்சுகள் முதலில் அறிமுகப்படுத்தப்பட்டது

- (அ) அமெரிக்கா (ஆ) இந்தியா
(இ) ஜப்பான் (ஈ) பிரான்ஸ்

“Pullmen coaches” were first introduced in

- (a) America (b) India
(c) Japan (d) France

6. இந்திய சுதந்திர வளர்ச்சி கழகம் தோற்றுவிக்கப்பட்ட ஆண்டு எது?

- (அ) 1957 (ஆ) 1958
(இ) 1966 (ஈ) 1970

When was the Indian Tourism Development Corporation started?

- (a) 1957 (b) 1958
(c) 1966 (d) 1970

7. இந்திய சுதந்திர வளர்ச்சி கழகத்தின் தலைமையகம் அமைந்துள்ள இடம் எது?

- (அ) டெல்லி (ஆ) பம்பாய்
(இ) சென்னை (ஈ) கல்கத்தா

Where was the Indian Tourist Development Corporation's head quarter located?

- (a) Delhi (b) Bombay
(c) Chennai (d) Calcutta

8. இரயில் பயணச்சீட்டுக்கான முன் பதிவு செய்வதில் ஏற்பட்டுள்ள புரட்சிக்கு காரணம் _____

- (அ) உலகமயமாதல் (ஆ) கணினிமயமாதல்
(இ) விலை குறைப்பு (ஈ) நிர்வாகத் திறமை

Reservation system is booking train tickets has been revolutionised by _____

- (a) Globalisation (b) Computerisation
(c) Cost reduction (d) Efficiency drive

9. பாஸ்போர்ட்டும் விசாவும் _____ சுற்றுலாவிற்கு அவசியமாகும்

- (அ) உள்நாட்டு (ஆ) பன்னாட்டு
(இ) உள்ளூர் (ஈ) வட்டார

Pass port and VISA are essential for _____
Tourism

- (a) Domestic (b) International
(c) Local (d) Regional

10. சுற்றுலாவின் மூலம் பொருளாதார முக்கியத்துவம் பெறுவது எது?

- (அ) தேசிய வருமானம் (ஆ) வரி
(இ) விற்பனை (ஈ) விளம்பரம்

What did increase through Tourism is economy?

- (a) National Income (b) Tax
(c) Sales (d) Advertisement

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (அ) சுற்றுலாவின் தோற்றம் பற்றி குறிப்பு தருக.

Give an account of the Origin of Tourism.

Or

(ஆ) சுற்றுலாவின் மூன்று முக்கிய அடிப்படைக் கூறுகளை குறிப்பிடுக.

Mention the three basic components of Tourism.

12. (அ) உள்நாட்டு சுற்றுலாவின் தன்மைகள் யாவை?

What was the concept of Domestic Tourism?

Or

(ஆ) சமய சுற்றுலா – விளக்குக.

Explain Religious Tourism.

13. (அ) கிரேக்கர்களின் சுற்றுலா பற்றி எழுதுக.

Write a note on tourism in Greeks.

Or

(ஆ) பயணத்திற்குரிய பல்வேறு காரணங்களை விவரிக்க.

Describe the various reasons for travel.

14. (அ) சர்வதேச விமானப் போக்குவரத்தின் பணிகளை மதிப்பிடுக.

Discuss the functions of International Civil Aviations.

Or

(ஆ) சுற்றுலாவின் சமூக தாக்கம் பற்றி விளக்குக.

Explain the social impact of tourism.

15. (அ) விசாவின் வகைகளை பட்டியலிடுக.

List out the different types of VISA.

Or

(ஆ) சுற்றுலாவின் முக்கியத்துவத்தை பற்றி எழுதுக.

Write an importance about the significance of tourism.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (அ) சுற்றுலா வளர்ச்சிக்கான காரணங்களை மதிப்பிடுக.

Estimate the causes for the growth of Tourism.

Or

(ஆ) இந்தியாவில் காணப்படும் தங்குமிடங்களின் வகைகளை விவரி.

Give an account of various type of accommodations in India.

17. (அ) பண்பாட்டு சுற்றுலா என்றால் என்ன? விளக்குக.

What is cultural tourism? Explain.

Or

(ஆ) விடுமுறை சுற்றுலா மற்றும் தொழில் சுற்றுலா இடையிலான வேறுபாடுகளை பட்டியலிடுக.

List out the different between the Holiday and Business tourism.

18. (அ) இடைக்கால சுற்றுலாவின் வளர்ச்சியை மதிப்பிடுக.
Evaluate the development of tourism in Medieval Period.

Or

(ஆ) தற்காலத்தில் சுற்றுலாவின் முக்கியத்துவத்தை விவரி.

Give the importance of the tourism in contemporary period.

19. (அ) சுற்றுலா வளர்ச்சிக்கு போக்குவரத்து துறையின் பங்கை விவரி.

Explain the role of Transport for development of tourism.

Or

(ஆ) தேசிய சுற்றுலாவில் இரயில் பயணத்தின் பங்கினை வெளிக்கொணர்.

Bring out the role of Railways in national tourism.

20. (அ) வெளிநாட்டு சுற்றுலர்விற்கான வழிமுறைகள் மற்றும் விதிமுறைகள் என்ன?

What is the importance of travel formalities and regulation for foreign tour?

Or

(ஆ) நீர்வழி போக்குவரத்து சுற்றுலா பற்றி விவரி.

Explain the waterways transport Tourism.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Discuss the Socio-political and economic conditions of India on the eve of Babur's invasion.

Or

(b) Write an essay on the administrative reforms of Shersha.

17. (a) Shahjahan's reign was the golden age in Mughal history-Explain.

Or

(b) Describe the Deccan policy of Aurangzeb.

18. (a) Examine the contributions of Mughals to Art.

Or

(b) Analyse the religious policy of Mughals.

19. (a) Outline the rise of Maratas under Shivaji.

Or

(b) Analyse the importance of the third battle of panipat in the history of India.

20. (a) Narrate the first two Carnatic wars.

Or

(b) Estimate the achievements of Robert Clive.

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22413 E

Sub. Code : SMHI 31

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Third Semester

History — Main

HISTORY OF INDIA (1526 - 1772 A.D.)

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Who wrote the book Tuzuk-I-Babari?

- (a) Babur
(b) Akbar
(c) Gulbudan Begam
(d) Humayun

2. The battle of Kunwah was fought in

- (a) 1528
(b) 1526
(c) 1527
(d) 1530

3. I have sold my kingdom of my beloved queen for a cup of wine and dish of soup said by
(a) Jahangir (b) shahjahan
(c) Aurugazeb (d) Babur
4. The author of Akbar-nama is
(a) Abul Fazal (b) Abul Faizi
(c) Mubarak (d) Todarmal
5. Who introduced mansabdari system?
(a) Akbar (b) Jahangir
(c) Humayun (d) Nurjahan
6. Which place was annexed by Aurugazed in 1686?
(a) Bijapur (b) Golkonda
(c) Ambur (d) Bihar
7. What was the name of Shivaji's mother
(a) Tarabai (b) Jijabai
(c) Durgabai (d) Padmini
8. The peshwa who helped Sahu in retaining kingdom?
(a) Balaji Vishwanath
(b) Balaji Baji Rao
(c) Baji Rao
(d) Madava Rao
9. The Danish established their trading station at
(a) Tranquebar (b) Chennai
(c) Madurai (d) Trichy

10. Who was the French governor at pondicheery?
(a) Robert Clive (b) Williams
(c) Thomas Roe (d) Duple

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a note on the books of Abul Fazl.
Or
(b) Bring out the significance of the Battle of Kanauj.
12. (a) Describe the religious policy of Akbar.
Or
(b) Describe the importance of second battle of Panipat.
13. (a) Explain the Anti-Hindu policy of Aurangazeb.
Or
(b) Write about the Military organization under the Mughals.
14. (a) Explain Chauth and Sardeshmughi.
Or
(b) Mention the Marata-Mughal relation from 1658 to 1707.
15. (a) What is the Dual Government in Bengal?
Or
(b) Point out the causes for the failure of the French power in India.

(8 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22430 B

Sub. Code : SNHI 4 A

U.G. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Fourth Semester

History

Non-Major Elective — INDIAN POLITY

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. குடியரசு இந்தியாவின் முதல் குடியரசு தலைவர் யார்?
(அ) டாக்டர். S. இராஜேந்திர பிரசாத்
(ஆ) டாக்டர். அம்பேத்கார்
(இ) ஜவஹர்லால் நேரு
(ஈ) K.R. நாராயணன்

Who was the first president of Republic India

- (a) Dr. S. Rajendra Prasad
- (b) Dr. Ambedkhar
- (c) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (d) K.R. Narayanan

2. இந்தியாவில் எத்தனை மாநிலங்கள் உள்ளன?

- (அ) 25
- (ஆ) 28
- (இ) 29
- (ஈ) 30

How many States are in Indian Union?

- (a) 25
- (b) 28
- (c) 29
- (d) 30

3. உச்ச நீதிமன்றத்தின் முதன்மை நீதிபதியை யாரால் நியமிக்கப்படுகிறார்

- (அ) பிரதம மந்திரி
- (ஆ) குடியரசு தலைவர்
- (இ) சபாநாயக்கர்
- (ஈ) ஆளுநர்

Who appoints the Chief Justice of India?

- (a) Prime Minister
- (b) The President
- (c) The Speaker
- (d) The Governor

4. இந்தியாவின் முதல் சபாநாயகர் யார்?

(அ) K.R. நாராயணன்

(ஆ) G.V. மாவ்லங்கர்

(இ) மவுலானா அபுல் கலாம் ஆசாத்

(ஈ) இராஜாஜி

Who was first speaker of India?

(a) K.R. Narayanan

(b) G.V. Mavlankar

(c) Movlana Abulkalam Asad

(d) Rajaji

5. மாநில தலைமை நிர்வாகத்துறை நியமிப்பது யார்?

(அ) முதலமைச்சர் (ஆ) பிரதம மந்திரி

(இ) குடியரசு தலைவர் (ஈ) நீதிபதி

Who appointed Chief executive of the state?

(a) Chief Minister (b) Prime Minister

(c) The President (d) Judge

6. அமைச்சரவையின் பொறுப்பு —————

(அ) நீதித்துறை

(ஆ) செனட்

(இ) சட்டபேரவை

(ஈ) இவையேதுமில்லை

Council of Ministers responsible —————

- (a) Judiciary
- (b) Senate
- (c) Legislative assembly
- (d) None of these

7. 44-வது சட்ட திருத்தம் எந்த ஆண்டு கொண்டுவரப்பட்டது.

- (அ) 1970 (ஆ) 1972
- (இ) 1978 (ஈ) 1979

When the 44th amendment was passed?

- (a) 1970 (b) 1972
- (c) 1978 (d) 1979

8. இந்திய அரசியலமைப்பின் வரைவுக் குழுவின் தலைவர யார்?

- (அ) N. கோபால்சாமி
- (ஆ) K.M. முன்ஷி
- (இ) Dr. B.R. அம்பேத்கார்
- (ஈ) மாதவ்ராவ்

Who was the chairman of drafting committee of Indian constitution?

- (a) N. Gopalsamy (b) K.M. Munshi
- (c) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar (d) Madhava Rao

9. இந்தியாவில் குடிமகனின் வாக்களிக்கும் வயது வரம்பு
(அ) 21 வயது (ஆ) 25 வயது
(இ) 18 வயது (ஈ) 19 வயது

Voting age of Indian citizen —————

- (a) 21 age (b) 25 age
(c) 18 age (d) 19 age

10. குடியரசு இந்தியாவில் முதல் தேர்தல் எப்பொழுது நடைபெற்றது.

- (அ) 1952 (ஆ) 1955
(இ) 1958 (ஈ) 1960

When the first election was conducted in Independent India?

- (a) 1952 (b) 1955
(c) 1958 (d) 1960

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (அ) அடிப்படை உரிமைகள் யாவை?

What are the fundamental rights?

Or

- (ஆ) அடிப்படை கடமைகள் யாவை?

What are the fundamental duties?

12. (அ) இராஜ்ய சபாவின் பணிகளை எழுதுக.

Write down the function of Rajyasabha.

Or

(ஆ) லோக்சபாவின் அதிகாரங்களை எழுதுக.

Write about the powers of Lok Sabha.

13. (அ) முதலமைச்சரின் பணிகளை எழுதுக.

Write about the function of Chief Minister.

Or

(ஆ) மாநில நிதித் துறையை பற்றி எழுதுக.

Write a note on State Judiciary.

14. (அ) நிதி அவசரகால நிலை - குறிப்பு வரைக.

Write a note on financial Emergency.

Or

(ஆ) 44-வது சட்டதிருத்தம் பற்றி எழுதுக.

Write about the 44th amendment.

15. (அ) இந்தியாவில் குடியியல் பணிகளின் பங்கினை எழுதுக.

Write down the role of civil services in India.

Or

(ஆ) தமிழ் நாட்டில் உள்ள முக்கிய அரசியல் கட்சிகளை எழுதுக.

Write down important political parties in Tamil Nadu.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (அ) இந்தியா அரசியலமைப்பின் சிறப்பியல்புகளை எழுதுக.

Write down the salient features of Indian constitution.

Or

(ஆ) இந்திய அரசியலமைப்பு கூட்டு அரசியலமைப்பா இல்லை - விளக்குக.

Whether Indian constitution is federal or unfederal - Explain.

17. (அ) இந்தியாவின் உச்ச நீதி மன்றம் - விளக்குக.

Supreme Court of India - Explain.

Or

(ஆ) குடியரசு தலைவரின் பணிகள் மற்றும் அதிகாரங்களை எழுதுக.

Write about the powers and functions of the president.

18. (அ) கவர்னரின் அதிகாரங்கள் யாவை?

What are the powers of the governor?

Or

(ஆ) உயர் நீதி மன்றத்தின் பணிகள் யாவை?

What are the functions of High Court?

19. (அ) மத்திய மாநில அரசினிடையே உள்ள உறவை விளக்குக.

Explain the Centre-State relations.

Or

(ஆ) இந்தியாவில் அவசரகால நிலையை பற்றி கூறுக.

Write the emergency provision in India.

20. (அ) இந்தியாவின் முக்கிய அரசியல் கட்சிகளை பற்றி எழுது.

Write about the important political parties in India.

Or

(ஆ) இந்தியாவில் தேர்தல் நடைமுறை பற்றி விளக்குக.

Explain the election procedure in India.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22427 E

Sub. Code : SSHI 3 A

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Third Semester

History — Main

Skill Based Subject – HUMAN RIGHTS

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Who advocated human rights as liberties?

- (a) N.A. Balkivala (b) Jack Donnely
(c) Holms (d) Holland

2. Karl Marx wrote the book entitled _____

- (a) Das capital (b) Social contract
(c) Republic (d) Price

3. International Human Rights Day is celebrated on
(a) October 10 (b) November 10
(c) December 10 (d) January 10
4. The U.N.O sponsored international conference for women (1995) was held in
(a) Vienna (b) Mexico
(c) Pejing (d) Geneva
5. Part IV of the Indian constitution speaks about

- (a) Fundamental Rights
(b) Fundamental Duties
(c) Directive principles of state policy
(d) Election commission of India
6. _____ are called as refugees
(a) Wonderers
(b) Expelled from a state
(c) Expelled from their mother country
(d) Expelled from religion

7. The Guardian of fundamental rights is _____
(a) Parliament (b) State legislature
(c) Court (d) Police station
8. The headquarters of U.N. Human Rights commission is situated at _____?
(a) Geneva (b) Paris
(c) New York (d) Vienna
9. In which year the abolition of sati Act was passed?
(a) 1819 (b) 1829
(c) 1839 (d) 1949
10. When the anti-eve teasing act was passed by the Tamil Nadu govt?
(a) 1995 (b) 1996
(c) 1997 (d) 1998

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) What are the kinds of human rights?

Or

- (b) Write a note on human rights violation.

12. (a) What are the functions of U.N. High commissioner for human rights?

Or

- (b) List out the U.N. strategies to ensure women rights.

13. (a) What do you know about torture?

Or

- (b) Write a note on the freedom of press.

14. (a) Write a note on national commission for women.

Or

- (b) State the significance of the declaration of the rights of the children.

15. (a) Point out the role of police officers in human rights protection.

Or

- (b) What do you know about the rights of the minorities?

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Describe about the Universal Declaration of human rights.

Or

- (b) List out the various definitions of human rights.

17. (a) Write an essay on human rights in the constitution of America.

Or

- (b) Sketch the salient features of the international covenant on civil rights.

18. (a) Examine about the crimes against women.

Or

- (b) What are the steps to be taken for the eradication of child labour?

19. (a) List out the salient features of part III of Indian constitution.

Or

- (b) Write an account on the reasons for female infanticide and discuss its present status.

20. (a) Discuss the protection of the rights of scheduled castes and scheduled tribes in India.

Or

- (b) Explain the structure and functions of the state human rights commission.
-

15. (a) Explain European Union.
Or
(b) Describe the foreign policy of India.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the various offices of United Nations Organisation.
Or
(b) Write about common Wealth of Nations.
17. (a) Examine the various phases of Cold War.
Or
(b) Write an essay on South East Asian Treaty Organisation.
18. (a) Write the history of International Law.
Or
(b) Explain Nuclear Power for Peace.
19. (a) Examine Arab-Israel War.
Or
(b) Write an essay on International Atomic energy commission.
20. (a) Write the foreign policy of United States of American.
Or
(b) Write the disintegration of United Soviet Socialist Republic (USSR).

Code No. : 22800 E Sub. Code : JMHI 62

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Sixth Semester

History — Main

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS (1945-2000 A.D)

(For those who joined in July 2016 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The ship 'Prince of Whales' is related to _____.
(a) League of Nations (b) Atlantic Charter
(c) Moscow Convention (d) World Bank
2. The once slave countries of British have formed _____.
(a) United Nations Organisation
(b) Common Wealth of Nations
(c) South Asian Association for Regional Co-operation
(d) Jeniva Convention

3. The term cold war is firstly used by _____.
(a) Palmer and Perkins (b) W. Shuman
(c) Arnold Toynbee (d) Walter Lipman
4. 'Berlin Blockade' was conducted by _____.
(a) China
(b) United Soviet Socialist Republic
(c) America
(d) England
5. Countries signed strategic arms limitation treaty (SALT) are _____.
(a) India-Pakistan (b) America-Russia
(c) China-Japan (d) None of the above
6. The first conference of South Asian Association for regional cooperation happened at the place _____.
(a) Washington (b) Paris
(c) Tokyo (d) Dacca
7. The home country of Jews is _____.
(a) Syria (b) Israel
(c) Egypt (d) Iraq
8. Multination's armies, under United Nations Organisation attacked on _____.
(a) Isreal (b) Syria
(c) Iraq (d) Iran
9. The foreign policy of Russia is _____.
(a) The spread of communism
(b) Production of Atombombs
(c) Space attacks
(d) Capture of countries

10. European Union (EU) is _____.
(a) Association of military
(b) Cultural Union
(c) Politico-Economic Union
(d) Capitalistic organisation

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write the origin of United Nations Organisation.
Or
(b) Write the role of India in Non-Alignment Movement.
12. (a) Explain Marshall plan.
Or
(b) Write Cuban Crisis.
13. (a) Explain Disarmament.
Or
(b) Explain the summits of South Asian Association for Regional Co-operation.
14. (a) Write about palestine question.
Or
(b) Explain Oil Diplomacy.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Trace the origin and growth of Tourism.
Or
(b) Find out the causes for the growth of Tourism.
17. (a) Discuss the types of Tourism.
Or
(b) Examine the significance of Religious and Heritage Tourism.
18. (a) What is Positive and Negative tourism? Discuss.
Or
(b) Explain the status of tourism in ancient period.
19. (a) Find out and explain the travel formalities.
Or
(b) State the significance of Domestic tourism.
20. (a) Examine the Economic significance of Tourism.
Or
(b) Discuss the importance of Tourism organisation.

Code No. : 22792 E Sub. Code : JMHI 12

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

First Semester

History — Main

PRINCIPLES OF TOURISM

(For those who joined in July 2016 only)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

- The word tourism derived from the English word.
(a) Tornare (b) Turian
(c) Torner (d) Tourin.
- Culinary tourism otherwise known as _____.
(a) Business tourism (b) Health tourism
(c) Food tourism (d) Culture tourism.

3. Fatehpur Sikri is situated at _____.
- (a) Manipur (b) Agra
(c) Bombay (d) Delhi.
4. Eco-tourism the term used in the year
- (a) 1982 (b) 1984
(c) 1981 (d) 1985.
5. Who is known as the God Father of Biodiversity?
- (a) Ceballos Lascurain (b) Megan Eplerwood
(c) Hitesh Meta (d) Elphinstine.
6. Faith tourism otherwise known as
- (a) Cultural tourism (b) Adventure tourism
(c) Religious tourism (d) Eco-tourism.
7. Fahien the Chinese traveller visited India during the reign of
- (a) Chandragupta II (b) Chandragupta I
(c) Harsha (d) Samudragupta.
8. In May 2010 Passport Seva Project (PSP) was launched by
- (a) Ministry of External Affairs
(b) Ministry of Internal Affairs
(c) Ministry of Finance
(d) PMO Office.
9. Visa came from _____ language.
- (a) Tamil (b) German
(c) Latin (d) English.
10. India is the _____ largest railway network in the world.
- (a) Second (b) Third
(c) Fourth (d) Fifth.

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Give a note on tourism motivation.
Or
(b) State the components of tourism.
12. (a) What is adventure tourism? Explain.
Or
(b) Sketch a note on holiday tourism.
13. (a) Bring out the economic impact of tourism.
Or
(b) State the significance of Saranath.
14. (a) What is visa? Describe.
Or
(b) State the works of travel agencies.
15. (a) Give a note on Indian Railways.
Or
(b) Write the importance of resorts.

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22946 E

Sub. Code : SMHI 13

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

First Semester

History – Main

PRINCIPLES OF TOURISM

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Tourist center should have _____.
(a) entertainment (b) employment
(c) shops (d) accommodation
2. The major source of tourism is _____.
(a) employment (b) foreign exchange
(c) manpower (d) transport
3. Picnic belongs to _____ tourism.
(a) domestic (b) foreign
(c) regional (d) international

4. Who were the first to undertake Tourism in the world?
(a) Indian's (b) Roman's
(c) Chinese (d) Japanese
5. In ancient period Buddhist pilgrims from _____ visited India in large number.
(a) Japan (b) China
(c) Srilanka (d) Afghanistan
6. _____ was the main reason for medieval travel.
(a) trade (b) conference
(c) religion (d) pleasure
7. Star hotels are highly essential for _____ tourism.
(a) domestic (b) international
(c) local (d) regional
8. World tourism organisation established _____
(a) 1945 (b) 1955
(c) 1965 (d) 1975
9. Passport is _____.
(a) hall ticket (b) citizenship
(c) travel (d) for external affairs
10. Which of the following promote tourism?
(a) more leisure time
(b) illiteracy
(c) *poor transport facility*
(d) less per capita income

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Define 'Tourism'.

Or

(b) Narrate the significance of Tourism.

12. (a) Describe Grand tour and Renaissance.

Or

(b) 'Kerala is a centre of Medical Tourism' – Explain.

13. (a) Write a note on the Ancient Tourism.

Or

(b) Describe the concept of cultural tourism.

14. (a) Explain the role of transport for development of tourism.

Or

(b) What is the main service of the International air transport Association?

15. (a) Examine the different types of VISA.

Or

(b) List out the positive impact of tourism.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Sketch the origin and evolution of Tourism.
Or
(b) Give an account of various types of accommodations in India.
17. (a) Describe the significance of social tourism.
Or
(b) Write an essay on paid holidays.
18. (a) Bring out the role of Railway in National tourism.
Or
(b) Give the importance of the tourism in contemporary period.
19. (a) Analyse the role of tourism in Indian Economy.
Or
(b) List out the Tourism organizations.
20. (a) What is foreign exchange? State its economic benefits.
Or
(b) List out the various formalities in International airports.

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Elucidate the geographical features of India.

Or

(b) Why India is described as unity in Diversity?

17. (a) Estimate the importance of Historical monuments of India in the development of Tourism.

Or

(b) Write an essay on wild life and bird sanctuaries.

18. (a) Explain the role of Hindu pilgrimage in Tourism development.

Or

(b) Explain about the worshipping places of Muslims.

19. (a) Evaluate the Indian Music and its musical instruments.

Or

(b) Examine the centres of learning in India.

20. (a) Skiing is an important sport in Tourism. Explain.

Or

(b) List out the characteristic features of Tourist Guide.

Code No. : 22949 E **Sub. Code : SMHI 23**

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Second Semester

History — Main

TOURISM PRODUCT IN INDIA

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Who coined the phrase "Unity in Diversity" for India?

- (a) Mahatma Gandhi
- (b) Vallabhai Patel
- (c) Jawaharl Nehru
- (d) Rajagopalachari

2. Which river is called as "Indian Nile"?

- (a) Brahmaputra
- (b) Ganga
- (c) Indus
- (d) Yamuna

3. Which is called as "City of Lakes" in the state of Rajasthan?

- (a) Udaipur (b) Nagpur
(c) Jodhpur (d) Jaipur

4. Where is India Gate located?

- (a) New Delhi (b) Mumbai
(c) Calcutta (d) Agra

5. Which is called as capital of silk sarees in India?

- (a) Varanasi (b) Calcutta
(c) Kanchipuram (d) Jaipur

6. Which among the following is recognised as World Heritage site by UNESCO?

- (a) Agra fort (b) Red fort
(c) Gwalior fort (d) Jodhpur fort

7. Where is the festival of Vinayahar celebrated famously in India?

- (a) Telengana (b) Mysore
(c) Delhi (d) Pune

8. Kuchipudi the traditional dance of which state?

- (a) Andhra (b) Kerala
(c) Orissa (d) Karnataka

9. What is the base for the sport skiing?

- (a) land (b) water
(c) space (d) Ice mountain

10. Pin valley is famous for what?

- (a) Trekking (b) Ballooning
(c) Sking (d) Motor Rally

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Define tourism product.

Or

(b) Write a note on natural resources.

12. (a) Explain the role of Hill stations of Tamilnadu in developing tourism.

Or

(b) Describe the waterfalls of South India.

13. (a) Point out the importance of Christian Churches in Goa.

Or

(b) Write a note on golden temple of Skihis.

14. (a) Describe how dance festivals of India attracting tourists.

Or

(b) Give an account of folk dances of South India.

15. (a) Explain any five important trekking spots.

Or

(b) Examine the importance of Camel Safari in Tourism Department.

Code No. : 22952 E Sub. Code : SMHI 41

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Fourth Semester

History — Main

HISTORY OF INDIA (1772-1947 A.D.)

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Name the British officer who introduced Quinquennial settlement in India.

- (a) Thomas Munro
 (b) Lord Cornwallis
 (c) Lord Warren Hastings
 (d) Lord Wellesly.

2. Who signed the subsidiary system at first?

- (a) King Sarbhoji (b) Arcaud Nawab
 (c) Mysore King (d) Hyderabad Nizam.

3. Who is considered as the father of Railway plan in India?

- (a) Lord Rippon (b) Lord Canning
 (c) Lord Bentinck (d) Lord Dalhousie.

4. Mention the immediate cause for the revolt of 1857

- (a) Doctrine of Lapse
 (b) Annexation of Jansi
 (c) New type of Enfield
 (d) Subsidiary system.

5. Who passed the Widow Remarriage Act of 1856 ?

- (a) Lord Bentinck (b) Lord Curzon
 (c) Lord Rippon (d) Lord Canning.

6. Who said "Judge me by my act, not by my words"?

- (a) Lord Litton (b) Lord Rippon
 (c) Lord Curzon (d) Lord Canning.

7. State the founder of Atmiya Sabha

- (a) Devendranath
- (b) Kesav Chandrasan
- (c) Rajaram Mohanroy
- (d) Dayanand Saraswati.

8. Indicate the social reformer, Who is the root cause for the passing of "The Native Marriage Act 1872"

- (a) Kesav Chandrasan
- (b) Annie-Besant
- (c) Dayanand Saraswati
- (d) Rajaram Mohan Roy.

9. Name the national leader who was called as the "Lion of Punjab".

- (a) Tilak
- (b) Nethaji
- (c) Lalalajpat Roy
- (d) Gokhale.

10. Who is praised as the symbol of National Faith?

- (a) Nethaji
- (b) Mahatma Gandhi
- (c) Kamarajar
- (d) Dadabai Nauroji.

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Explain the impachment of Warren Hasting Case.

Or

(b) State the special features of the code of Cornwallis.

12. (a) What is Doctrine of Lapse? Explain.

Or

(b) What are the special features of Woods Despatch?

13. (a) "Lord Canning is also called the Kindful Canning" comment the statement.

Or

(b) Briefly write the salt Satyagraha of Mahatma Gandhi.

14. (a) What is Sati? How was it abolished?

Or

(b) Write about the services of Ramakrishna Mission.

15. (a) Out line the political principles of Gokalae.

Or

(b) Describe the role of Kamaraj in the freedom struggle.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Highlight the relation between British and Tippu Sultan.

Or

(b) Trace the merits and demerits of the permanent Land revenue settlement.

17. (a) Describe the reforms of Lord Dalhousie.

Or

(b) "The Mutiny of 1857 is also called as the first War of Independence". Comment the statement.

18. (a) What are the service rendered by Anne Besant in the freedom struggle in India?

Or

(b) "Lord Rippon is also called the father of Local Self Government". Prove the statement.

19. (a) Estimate the legacy of British rule in India.

Or

(b) Review the principles and services of Brahma Samaj.

20. (a) Give an account on the role of Lalalajpat Roy in the freedom struggle.

Or

(b) Out line the struggles of Nehru against the British.

(8 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22407 B

Sub. Code : SMHI 11

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

First Semester

History – Main

HISTORY OF INDIA UPTO 647 A.D.

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. ஹர்ஷசரிதம் ————— ல் எழுதப்பட்டது.
(அ) கல்ஹணர் (ஆ) கௌடில்யர்
(இ) பாணர் (ஈ) ஹர்ஷர்

Harsha charitha was written by —————.

- (a) Kalhana (b) Kautilya
(c) Bana (d) Harsha

2. மொகஞ்சதாரோவின் பொருள் _____.

(அ) இறந்தவர்களின் மேடு

(ஆ) பெருங்குளியல் குளம்

(இ) தானியங்களுஞ்சியம்

(ஈ) அரசாங்கம்

Mohenjadarro means _____.

(a) Mount of Dead

(b) Great Bath

(c) Granary

(d) Government

3. முதல் புத்தசமய மாநாடு _____ல் நடைபெற்றது.

(அ) பாடலிபுத்திரம் (ஆ) காஷ்மீர்

(இ) ராஜகிருகம் (ஈ) வைசாலி

The first Buddhist council was held at _____.

(a) Pataliputra (b) Kashmir

(c) Rajagriha (d) Vaisali

4. இந்தியாவின் மீது அலெக்சாண்டர் படையெடுத்த ஆண்டு _____.

(அ) கி.பி. 327 (ஆ) கி.பி. 326

(இ) கி.பி. 325 (ஈ) கி.பி. 323

Alexander invaded India in the year _____.

- (a) 327 BC (b) 326 BC
(c) 325 BC (d) 323 BC

5. அசோகரின் பெரும்பாலான பாறைக் கற்றாணைகள் எங்கு வெளியிடப்பட்டிருந்தது.

- (அ) கிர்நார் (ஆ) பராபர்
(இ) அலகாபாத் (ஈ) டெல்லி

At which of the following places has a major Rock Edicts of Ashoka been found?

- (a) Girnar (b) Barabar
(c) Allahabad (d) Delhi

6. இந்திய நெப்போலியன் என அழைக்கப்படுபவர் யார்?

- (அ) சமுத்திர குப்தர்
(ஆ) குமார குப்தர்
(இ) முதலாம் சந்திர குப்தர்
(ஈ) இரண்டாம் சந்திர குப்தர்

Who was entitled as the Indian Napolen?

- (a) Samudra Gupta (b) Kumara Gupta
(c) Chandra Gupta I (d) Chandra Gupta II

7. குப்தப் பேரரசின் முதல் ஆட்சியாளர் _____.

- (அ) சந்திர குப்தர் (ஆ) ஸ்ரீ குப்தர்
(இ) ஸ்கந்த குப்தர் (ஈ) சமுத்திர குப்தர்

The first ruler of Gupta dynasty was _____.

- (a) Chandra Gupta (b) Sri Gupta
(c) Skanda Gupta (d) Samutra Gupta

8. நாளந்தா பல்கலைக்கழகம் _____ல்
தோற்றுவிக்கப்பட்டது.

- (அ) ஸ்கந்த குப்தர் (ஆ) குமார குப்தர்
(இ) ஸ்ரீ குப்தர் (ஈ) ஹர்ஷர்

The Nalanda University was founded by _____.

- (a) Skanda Gupta (b) Kumara Gupta
(c) Sri Gupta (d) Harsha

9. கனோஜ் பேரவை யார் தலைமையின் நடைபெற்றது?

- (அ) ஹர்ஷவர்த்தனர்
(ஆ) பிரபாகரவர்த்தனர்
(இ) ராஜ்யவர்த்தனர்
(ஈ) சசாங்கர்

Who is the president of the Kanauj assembly?

- (a) Harshavardhana
(b) Prabhakaravardhana
(c) Rajyavardhana
(d) Sasanka

10. யாத்திரைகளின் இளவரசன் என அழைக்கப்படுபவர் யார்?
(அ) இட்சிங் (ஆ) யுவான் சுவாங்
(இ) மெகஸ்தன்ஸ் (ஈ) பாஹியான்

Who is known as "Prince of Pilgrims"?

- (a) I-tsing (b) Hiuen-Tsang
(c) Megasthenese (d) Fa-hien

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (அ) வேதங்கள்
Vedas

Or

- (ஆ) பொதுக்குளியல் குளம்
Great Bath

12. (அ) புதிய மதங்களின் எழுச்சிக்கான காரணங்கள்.
Reasons for the rise of new religions.

Or

- (ஆ) பெர்சியப் படையெடுப்பின் விளைவுகள்.
Results of Persian Invasion.

13. (அ) கலிங்கப் போர்.
Kalinga War.

Or

- (ஆ) காந்தாரக் கலை
Gandhara art

14. (அ) சமுத்திர குப்தரின் படையெடுப்புகள்
Conquests of Samudra Gupta.

Or

- (ஆ) குப்தப் பேரரசு வீழ்ச்சிக்கான காரணங்கள்
Causes for the downfall of Gupta empire.

15. (அ) யுவான் சுவாங்.
Hiuen-Tsang.

Or

- (ஆ) நாளந்தா பல்கலைக்கழகம்
Nalanda University.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (அ) இந்திய வரலாற்றை அறிய உதவும் ஆதாரங்களை வரைக.

Trace the sources available for the study of Indian history.

Or

(ஆ) பிற்கால வேதகால நாகரீக மக்களின் சமூக-சமய வாழ்க்கையினை ஆராய்க.

Examine the socio-religious life of the people of Later Vedic period.

17. (அ) சமண மதத் தோற்றம் மற்றும் போதனைகளை விவரி.

Describe the origin and teachings of Jainism.

Or

(ஆ) புத்தமதப் போதனைகள் பற்றி விரிவாக எழுதுக.

Give an account of principles of Buddhism.

18. (அ) அசோகர் புத்த மதத்திற்காற்றிய தொண்டுகள் பற்றி விவரி.

Describe the services of Asoka to Buddhism.

Or

(ஆ) மௌரியப் பேரரசின் வீழ்ச்சிக்கான காரணங்களை சுட்டுக.

Point out the cause for the downfall of the Mauryan Empire.

19. (அ) குப்தர்கள் கால நிர்வாகத்தின் சிறப்பம்சங்களை விவரி.

Describe the salient features of the administration of Guptas.

Or

- (ஆ) “குப்தர்காலம் பொற்காலம்” ஏன்?

“The period of Guptas was called as Golden Age” Why?

20. (அ) ஹர்சரின் படைக்கால வெற்றிகளை விவரி.

Describe the conquests of Harsha.

Or

- (ஆ) ஹர்சரின் நிர்வாக முறையினை விளக்குக.

Explain the administration of Harsha.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22412 E Sub. Code : SMHI 23

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Second Semester

History – Main

TOURISM PRODUCT IN INDIA

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART, A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Which is the oldest Mountain Range in India?
 - (a) Aravalli
 - (b) Himalayan
 - (c) Vindhya
 - (d) Western Ghats

2. Which is related to Meteorological drought?
 - (a) water
 - (b) space
 - (c) agriculture
 - (d) moisture
3. Where is Shenbaganur Museum located?
 - (a) Ooty
 - (b) Kunnoor
 - (c) Kodaikanal
 - (d) Munar
4. Which is the National library in Tamilnadu?
 - (a) Roman Roland
 - (b) Tanjore Saraswathi Mahal
 - (c) Nehru Memorial Library
 - (d) Connemara public library
5. Where is Manas Tiger Sanctuary located?
 - (a) Karnataka
 - (b) Assam
 - (c) Uttarpradesh
 - (d) Andhra
6. Which one of the following is Jain centre?
 - (a) Rathnagiri
 - (b) Amaravalli
 - (c) Sanchi
 - (d) Mount Abu

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a note on North Indian River.

Or

(b) Explain how the seasons of India affects Tourism?

12. (a) Explain the role of Beach Resorts.

Or

(b) Write a note on Calcutta Museum.

13. (a) Explain about Buddhist centres.

Or

(b) Describe the Christian churches of Tamilnadu.

14. (a) Give an account of Indian Music.

Or

(b) Describe about the fairs of India.

7. Which is the spiritual centre of Sikhs?

- (a) Fategarh
- (b) Patna
- (c) Amritsar
- (d) Anandpur

8. Where is the dance Rasaleela popular?

- (a) Bombay
- (b) Madura
- (c) Goa
- (d) Agra

9. Which state is famous for Boat race?

- (a) Kerala
- (b) Bihar
- (c) Andhra
- (d) Assam

10. Where the Himalayan car race is conducted?

- (a) Himalaya
- (b) Assam
- (c) Delhi
- (d) Calcutta

15. (a) Examine the Trekking spots of Himachala Pradesh.

Or

- (b) Describe the importance of Skiing sports in Tourism department.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Define Tourism product and explain its salient features.

Or

- (b) Discuss about the Tourist Resources.

17. (a) Discuss about the importance of Archaeological sights of India.

Or

- (b) Explain briefly about the contributions of art galleries of India to Tourism.

18. (a) Write an essay on Jain centres.

Or

- (b) Describe about the Hindu Shrines.

19. (a) Explain the importance of Indian dances in Indian culture.

Or

- (b) Elucidate how Tourists are attracted by the folk culture of India.

20. (a) Give an elaborate answer to adventurous Tourist centres.

Or

- (b) Evaluate the qualities and responsibilities of the Tourist guides.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22416 E Sub. Code : SMHI 42

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Fourth Semester

History — Main

HISTORY OF EUROPE (476 – 1453 A.D.)

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Whose reign was called on Golden Age of Romans?
 - (a) Theodosius age
 - (b) Augustan age
 - (c) Constantine age
 - (d) Cesar age.

2. Visigoths belonged to the _____ race.
 - (a) Roman
 - (b) French
 - (c) German
 - (d) Spain.
3. Who was called as the Father of Western Monasticism?
 - (a) St. Benedict
 - (b) Abbot
 - (c) St. Dominic
 - (d) St. Francis.
4. The coronation of Charlemagne was done by whom?
 - (a) Pope Leo III
 - (b) Louis
 - (c) Pepin
 - (d) Augustus.
5. The year in which battle of Unstrut was fought?
 - (a) 900 A.D.
 - (b) 930 A.D.
 - (c) 933 A.D.
 - (d) 936 A.D.
6. Who was the founder of Capetian Dynasty?
 - (a) Louis VII
 - (b) Louis VI
 - (c) Philip Augustus
 - (d) Hugh Capet.

7. In which crusade Louis IX was died?

- (a) 2nd Crusade (b) 4th Crusade
(c) 6th Crusade (d) 8th Crusade.

8. The name universities derived from which word?

- (a) Universitas
(b) Universian
(c) Universal
(d) Union.

9. Which incident happened in Europe during 1347-48?

- (a) Black death (b) War
(c) Famine (d) Flood.

10. Fall of Constantinople war in the year

- (a) 1450 (b) 1453
(c) 1460 (d) 1463.

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) What are the results of Barbarian conquest?

Or

(b) Write a note on Goths invasion.

12. (a) Write about the teachings of Jesus.

Or

(b) What are the causes for the success of Papacy?

13. (a) What are the legacy of Islam to Europe?

Or

(b) Significance of the Holy Roman Empire.

14. (a) What are the duties of a Vasal?

Or

(b) Causes for the decline of feudalism.

15. (a) Fall of Constantinople.

Or

(b) Examine the economic condition of Europe at the end of medieval period.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) What are the causes for the fall of the Roman Empire?

Or

(b) Write in detail about the Legacy of Rome.

17. (a) Monasteries — origin and development — Explain.

Or

(b) Explain the Heretic movement.

18. (a) Explain the merits and demerits of Feudalism.

Or

(b) Explain the achievements of Otto the great.

19. (a) Write in detail about the Crusades.

Or

(b) Explain Hundred Years War.

20. (a) Causes for the growth of towns in Europe.

Or

(b) What are effects of Urbanization of Europe?

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22428 E

Sub. Code : SSHI 4 A

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Fourth Semester

History — Main

SKILL BASED SUBJECT – PRINCIPLES AND
METHODS OF ARCHAEOLOGY

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer:

1. The word Archaeology is derived from the word.
 - (a) Latin
 - (b) Greek
 - (c) English
 - (d) French

2. Which is archaeological book of David Clark, which wrote in 1968.
- (a) Analytical archaeology
 - (b) Cultural archaeology
 - (c) Salvage archaeology
 - (d) Ethno- archaeology
3. Who was called as father and Indian archaeology?
- (a) Medows Taylor
 - (b) Robert Bruce Foote
 - (c) James Princep
 - (d) Alexander Cunningham
4. Who was the director general of archeology in 1902?
- (a) John Marshall
 - (b) James Burgess
 - (c) Robert Bruce Foote
 - (d) Martimer Wheeler
5. Which instrument is used in under water excavation?
- (a) Echo Sounder
 - (b) Eco Meter
 - (c) Scan Meter
 - (d) Proton Meter

6. One of the type of excavation is _____
- (a) Trail Trench
 - (b) Cairn circle
 - (c) Urn
 - (d) Horizontal excavation
7. Thermoluminescence dating is helped to date the _____ object.
- (a) Pottery
 - (b) Wood
 - (c) Bone
 - (d) Ashes
8. Who devised the C14 dating
- (a) Knoff
 - (b) Willard Libi
 - (c) Daniels
 - (d) Kennedy
9. Tamil-Brahmi script was excavated at which places.
- (a) Chengamedu
 - (b) Thirukampuliyoor
 - (c) Uraiyur
 - (d) Korkai

10. In which district Adichanallur was situated
- (a) Thirunelveli
 - (b) Kanyakumari
 - (c) Chennai
 - (d) Ramanathapuram

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) How was the relation between archaeology and environment?

Or

- (b) Write a note on under water Archaeology.

12. (a) Write about Robert Bruce Foote

Or

- (b) Write about the role of Lord Curzon for the development of archeology.

13. (a) What are the objectives of surface exploration?

Or

- (b) What are principles of Excavation?

14. (a) Potteries.

Or

(b) What you know about the protecting laws of archeology?

15. (a) Write a short note on Payyampalli.

Or

(b) Write a short note on Kudumanal.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain uses of Archaeology.

Or

(b) How Archaeology is related to other subjects?

17. (a) Explain the works of Alexandar Cunningham.

Or

(b) Explain the works of Mortimer Wheeler.

18. (a) Explain the kinds of Excavation.

Or

(b) Explain the function of Archeologists.

19. (a) How to conserve artifacts?

Or

(b) How was documentation prepared?

20. (a) Explain the important Archaeological sites in Tamil nadu.

Or

(b) Write an essay about Iron Age Archaeological centres in Tamil Nadu.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write an essay on science and technology in Renaissance period.
Or
(b) Explain the science of Nicholans Copernicus.
17. (a) Explain the wonders of science in the transportation.
Or
(b) Write the discovery of Joseph Priestly.
18. (a) Write an essay on scientific news in Mathematics sphere.
Or
(b) Explain the science of X Ray.
19. (a) Explain the space achievements of USA.
Or
(b) Write the science of Albert Einstein.
20. (a) Explain the science of P. Chandra Roy.
Or
(b) Describe the achievements of Abdul Kalam.

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22801 E Sub. Code : JMHI 63

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Sixth Semester

History – Main

HISTORY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SINCE
1500 A.D.

(For those who joined in July 2016 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Renaissance is _____.
(a) monopoly of church
(b) imagination
(c) intellectual growth
(d) blind faith.
2. The father of modern astronomy is _____.
(a) Socrates
(b) Nicholas Copernicus
(c) Kepler
(d) Galileo Galilai.

3. The spinning Jenny was discovered by _____
(a) John Kays (b) Arkwright
(c) James Hargreaves (d) Crompton.
4. Steam Engine was discovered by _____
(a) Richard Di Rividik (b) James Watt
(c) Euler (d) Joseph Block.
5. Radio was discovered by _____
(a) Maxwell (b) Hertz
(c) Marconi (d) James Don.
6. Radium was discovered by _____
(a) Marty Query (b) Dalton
(c) Michel (d) Darwin.
7. The first country send man to orbit the earth _____
(a) America
(b) Germany
(c) United Soviet Socialist Republic
(d) French.
8. Theory of evolution was formed by _____
(a) Newton (b) Darwin
(c) Einstein (d) Edism.
9. The first satellite launched by India is _____
(a) Baskara I (b) Rohini I
(c) APPLE (d) Aryabhata.
10. Indian scientist _____ has discovered the life even in the plants.
(a) Chandra Roy (b) J.C. Bose
(c) Ramanujam (d) Sir. CV. Raman.

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Examine the connection between renaissance and science.

Or

- (b) Explain the discovery of Kepler.

12. (a) Write the wonders made by Science in cotton spinning.

Or

- (b) Write biological science.

13. (a) Write the discoveries of Henry Cavendish.

Or

- (b) Write the discoveries of Michael Faraday.

14. (a) Write on space research.

Or

- (b) Write the discoveries of Rutherford.

15. (a) Write the history of modern India Science.

Or

- (b) Explain the achievements of Sir. C.V. Raman.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22947 E Sub. Code : SMHI 21

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Second Semester

History – Main

HISTORY OF INDIA 647 A.D. – 1526 A.D.

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Who was the author of Kalingattu Parani?

- (a) Jeyamkondan
- (b) Kalkhanar
- (c) Siddhanta Siromoni
- (d) Meghastanese

2. Administrative system of the Rajput were on the basis of _____.

- (a) Dividing system
- (b) Jahir system
- (c) Feudal system
- (d) None of these

3. Which famous temple was attacked by Muhmud of Ghazni in 1025 A.D.?

- (a) Somanath Temple
- (b) Kanchi Temple
- (c) Madurai Meenakshi Temple
- (d) Golden Temple

4. Who was called as Slave of Slave?

- (a) Qutb-ud-din Aibak
- (b) Iltumish
- (c) Balban
- (d) Sultana Raziya

5. Which Yadhava King was defeated by Malikkafur?

- (a) Rana Hamerra
- (b) Ramachandrar
- (c) Veera Pallalar III
- (d) Karan

6. Who was the founder of Lodi Dynasty?

- (a) Ibrahim Lodi
- (b) Kizerkhan
- (c) Bahlul Lodi
- (d) Daulatkhan Lodi

7. Which won the book of Robert Sewel?
- Rajatharengini
 - Indika
 - History of Kashmir
 - The Forgotten Empire
8. Astahtiggajas was related to which King?
- Devaraya I
 - Devaraya II
 - Achutaraya
 - Krishna Devaraya
9. Name the Russian traveller who visited Bidar during the time of Muhmad Gawan?
- Atenesius Nikattin
 - Yusub Adilkhan
 - Amir Ali Parit
 - Yuan Tsang
10. In which year Bijapur war affected by Famine?
- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (a) 1470 | (b) 1474 |
| (c) 1478 | (d) 1479 |

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) What are effects of Arabs conquest of Sindh?

Or

- (b) Write a note on Humyun Nama.

12. (a) Write about Tarain battle.

Or

- (b) Write about Mangol Invasion.

13. (a) Explain the Sayyad Dynasty.

Or

- (b) Explain the Lodi Dynasty.

14. (a) Explain the origin of Vijayanager Empire.

Or

- (b) Bring out the significance of the Battle of Talaikotta.

15. (a) Narrate the circumstances leading to the foundation of Bahmani Kingdom.

Or

- (b) Give an account of the causes for the decline of Bahmini Kingdom.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write about the various theories of Rajputs.

Or

- (b) Account for the causes of the capture of Sindh by the Arabs.

17. (a) Quth-din-Aibak.

Or

- (b) Iltumish.

18. (a) Explain the South Indian Expedition of Malik-Kafur.

Or

- (b) Explain the Firouz Thuglaq's rule.

19. (a) Assess the political and cultural achievement of the rules of Vijayanagar.

Or

- (b) Assess the role of Krishna Devraya in the history of Vijayanagar.

20. (a) Write about the achievements of Muhmad Gawan.

Or

- (b) Explain the rule of Bahmini rulers.
-

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write an essay on the captivations of West Europe by foreigner.
Or
(b) Describe the establishment of Venice.
17. (a) Assess the cultural contributions of Justinism.
Or
(b) Write an essay on the spread of Christianity in Europe.
18. (a) Explain the legacy of Islam.
Or
(b) Discuss the merits and demerits of Feudal system.
19. (a) Describe the causes for the downfall of the Crusades.
Or
(b) Explain the contribution of Town country.
20. (a) Write an essay on the industry professions and trade in Europe.
Or
(b) Enumerate the impact of the Guild system.

Code No. : 22953 E

Sub. Code : SMHI 42

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL, 2019.

Fourth Semester

History — Main

HISTORY OF EUROPE (476 – 1453 A.D.)

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. What is the unwritten laws of Romans?
(a) Natural laws (b) Twenty laws
(c) Common laws (d) International laws
2. What is the holy book of Christians?
(a) Bible (b) Thirukuran
(c) Bhagavat Gita (d) Athigrantham
3. What is the sacred place of Islams?
(a) Mekka (b) Kasi
(c) Rome (d) Jerusalem

4. When was Karthosia monk movement started?
 (a) 1084 (b) 1085
 (c) 1086 (d) 1087
5. The word Feudam originates from _____
 (a) Latin (b) German
 (c) French (d) Spanish
6. Manorial is basically _____
 (a) Agriculture (b) Industry
 (c) Manorial village (d) Manorial house
7. University of Paris was founded in the year _____
 (a) 11 A.D. (b) 12 A.D.
 (c) 13 A.D. (d) 14 A.D.
8. When did hundred year war take place
 (a) 1337 - 1453 (b) 1337 - 1454
 (c) 1337 - 1455 (d) 1337 - 1456
9. Who had detected leaflet and exploitations of Church?
 (a) John Wyecliffe (b) John Huss
 (c) Dante (d) Michelangelo
10. When was peasants rebellion formed?
 (a) 1381 (b) 1382
 (c) 1383 (d) 1384

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Describe the Roman origin.
 Or
 (b) Describe the causes for the downfall of Roman empire.
12. (a) Give an account of origin of the church.
 Or
 (b) Examine the Friars.
13. (a) Describe the causes and results of the Crusades.
 Or
 (b) Give an account of university development.
14. (a) Bring out the salient features of Feudalism.
 Or
 (b) Describe the Roman architecture.
15. (a) Discuss the enlightenment and renaissance movements.
 Or
 (b) Give an account of Plague.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22961 E Sub. Code : SNHI 4 A

U.G. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Fourth Semester

History

Non-Major Elective — INDIAN POLITY

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Article 19 of Indian constitution guarantees

_____.

- (a) Right to equality
- (b) Right to freedom
- (c) Right to Property
- (d) Political rights

2. What is the source of Directive Principles of State policy in India?
- (a) Eireland (b) England
(c) France (d) Russia
3. Who holds the power of Judicial Review?
- (a) High court (b) Family court
(c) Supreme court (d) District court
4. What is the retirement age of the judge of the Supreme Court?
- (a) 65 (b) 70
(c) 60 (d) 75
5. What is the term of the Governor of the state?
- (a) 5 years (b) 6 years
(c) 7 years (d) 8 years
6. The official residence of the President of India is _____.
- (a) Rashtrapathi Bhavan
(b) Raj Bhavan
(c) Raj Nivas
(d) Rajaji Hall

7. The term parliament includes the _____.
- (a) Lok sabha only
 - (b) Rajya sabha only
 - (c) Lok sabha and Rajya sabha
 - (d) President, Lok sabha and Rajya sabha
8. What is called the watch dog of the Nations purse?
- (a) Lok Sabha
 - (b) Rajya Sabha
 - (c) President
 - (d) Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha
9. Who is the ex-officio chairman of the Rajya sabha?
- (a) President
 - (b) Vice President
 - (c) Prime Minister
 - (d) Chief Minister
10. In India the _____ has the power of pardoning the death sentences.
- (a) President
 - (b) Vice President
 - (c) Prime Minister
 - (d) Chief Minister

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Analyse the fundamental rights of Indian Citizen.

Or

- (b) Write a note on Fundamental Duties.

12. (a) Discuss the working of coalition governments in India.

Or

- (b) Write an essay on Judicial powers of Indian President.

13. (a) Describe the Functions and Powers of the Chief Justice of the State High Court.

Or

- (b) Give an account of Panchayat Raj.

14. (a) Explain the amending procedures of Indian Constitution.

Or

- (b) Write a note on the Centre-State relations in India.

15. (a) Explain the Electoral process procedure in India.

Or

- (b) Give a note on Election commission.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) What are the federal features found in the constitution of India?

Or

- (b) Explain the salient features of Directive principles of State policy.

17. (a) Examine whether the Judiciary in India is functioning independently.

Or

- (b) Supreme court is the guardian of the constitution : Comment.

18. (a) How is the Chief Minister of State elected? Point out the extent of his powers.

Or

- (b) How is the State Governor appointed? Explain his powers.

19. (a) Explain the provisions of the 73rd and 74th constitutional amendments.

Or

(b) Examine the emergency powers of the President of India.

20. (a) Describe the powers and functions of the Election Commissioner.

Or

(b) Write an essay on the National and Regional Parties in India.

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22408 B

Sub. Code : SMHI 12

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

First Semester

History – Main

HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU UPTO 1336 A.D.

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. காவிரி ஆறு உதயமாகும் இடத்தின் பெயர் என்ன?

(அ) தலைக்காவிரி

(ஆ) காஞ்சி

(இ) பழனிகுன்று

(ஈ) கொல்லம்

Which is the birth place of the 'River Kaveri'?

(a) Thalaikaveri

(b) Kanchi

(c) Palani Hills

(d) Kollam

2. மணி மேகலையின் ஆசிரியர் யார்?

(அ) ஜெயங்கொண்டார்

(ஆ) சாத்தனார்

(இ) இளங்கோ

(ஈ) தொல்காப்பியர்

Who is the author of Manimekalai?

(a) Jayankondan (b) Sathanar

(c) Elango (d) Tholkappiar

3. முதலாம் மகேந்திரவர்மனால் எழுதப்பட்ட நாடக நூல் எது?

(அ) நந்தி கலம்பகம்

(ஆ) மத்தவிலாச பிரகாசனம்

(இ) அவந்தி சுந்தரிகதாங்சரா

(ஈ) பகவதி பேரரசு

Which drama written by Mahendravarman I?

(a) Nandhi kalambagam

(b) Mattavilasa prahasnam

(c) Avanti sundarikadhasara

(d) Bhageveda kingdom

4. எந்த போர் பல்லவ ஆட்சியை முடிவுக்கு கொண்டு வந்தது?

- (அ) திரும்புறம்பியம்
- (ஆ) அரிசிலாற்றாங்கரை
- (இ) தெள்ளாறு
- (ஈ) தக்கோலம்

Which battle terminated the pallava rule?

- (a) Thirupurambiyam
- (b) Arisilartangarai
- (c) Thellaru
- (d) Takkollam

5. உத்திரமேரூர் கல்வெட்டுக்களை வெளியிட்டவர் யார்?

- (அ) முதலாம் ஆதித்தன்
- (ஆ) முதலாம் பராந்தகன்
- (இ) முதலாம் ராஜராஜன்
- (ஈ) முதலாம் ரஜேந்திரன்

Who was the donor of Uttramerur Inscription?

- (a) Aditya I
- (b) Parantaka I
- (c) Rajaraja I
- (d) Rajendra I

6. கடாரம் கொண்ட சோழன் யார்?

- (அ) முதலாம் ராஜராஜன்
- (ஆ) முதலாம் ராஜேந்திரன்
- (இ) முதலாம் குலோத்துங்கன்
- (ஈ) மூன்றாம் குலோத்துங்கன்

Who was called as Kadaramkonda chola?

- (a) Raja Raja I
- (b) Rajendra I
- (c) Kulottunga I
- (d) Kulottunga III

7. முதலாம் மாறவர்மன் சந்தர பாண்டியனால்
தோற்கடிக்கப்பட்ட சோழ மன்னர் யார்?

- (அ) மூன்றாம் இராஜராஜன்
- (ஆ) முதலாம் குலோத்துங்கன்
- (இ) இரண்டாம் இராஜேந்திரன்
- (ஈ) இரண்டாம் இராஜராஜன்

Who was the Chola ruler defeated by Maravarman Sundara Pandya I?

- (a) Rajaraja III
- (b) Kulottunga III
- (c) Rajendra II
- (d) Rajaraja II

8. முதல் பாண்டியப் பேரரசின் முதல் மன்னர் _____ .

(அ) கடுங்கோன்

(ஆ) வீர பாண்டியன்

(இ) முதலாம் வரகுணன்

(ஈ) சுந்தர பாண்டியன்

The first of the first Pandyan Empire was _____ .

(a) Kadungon

(b) Virapandya

(c) Varaguna I

(d) Sundara pandya

9. மாலிக்கபூர் மதுரையை எப்போது தாக்கினார்?

(அ) கி.பி. 1320 (ஆ) கி.பி. 1315

(இ) கி.பி. 1311 (ஈ) கி.பி. 1305

When did Malikkafur attack Madurai?

(a) 1320 A.D.

(b) 1315 A.D.

(c) 1311 A.D.

(d) 1305 A.D.

10. குமார கம்பனால் தோற்கடிக்கப்பட்ட ராஜகம்பீர இராஜ்யத்தின் மன்னர் யார்?

(அ) அடில் ஷா

(ஆ) முபாரக் ஷா

(இ) மூன்றாம் வல்லாளர்

(ஈ) ராஜ நாராயண சம்புவராயர்

Who was the ruler of Raja Gambira Rajyam defeated by Kumara Kampana?

(a) Adil Shah

(b) Mubarak Shah

(c) Vallalar III

(d) Raja Narayana Sambuvaraya

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (அ) தமிழகத்தில் தோண்டி எடுக்கப்பட்ட ரோம நாணயங்களைப் பற்றி விவாதி.

Discuss about the Roman coins excavated in Tamil Nadu.

Or

(ஆ) கரிகாலச் சோழனின் சாதனைகளை ஆராய்க.

Examine the achievements of Karikala cholan.

12. (அ) பல்லவர் கால ஓவியங்களைப் பற்றி எழுதுக.

Write about the paintings of the pallavas.

Or

(ஆ) ஒற்றைக்கல் ரதங்களைப் பற்றி நீவிர் அறிவது யாது?

What do you know about the Monolithic ratha?

13. (அ) சோழர்களின் நிர்வாகம் பற்றி குறிப்பிடுக.

Mention the administration of the cholas.

Or

(ஆ) சோழர்கள் கால சமூக நிலை பற்றி விளக்குக.

Examine the condition of society under the cholas.

14. (அ) முதலாம் மாறவர்மன் சுந்தர பாண்டியன் பற்றி எழுதுக.

Write a note on Maravarman Sundara Pandiya I.

Or

(ஆ) மார்க்கோ போலோவின் இரண்டாம் பாண்டியப் பேரரசைப் பற்றி குறிப்புகளை மதிப்பிடுக.

Assess the accounts of Marcopolo on second Pandyan Empire.

15. (அ) கியாசுதீன் தாமன் ஷா பற்றி குறிப்பு எழுதுக.

Write a note on Ghiyar sud-din Daman shah.

Or

- (ஆ) அலாவுதீன் சிக்கந்தர் ஷா காலத்தின் வரலாற்று முக்கியத்துவம் பற்றி தொகுத்தெழுதுக.

Summarise the historical importance in Ala-ud-din Sikandar shah's period.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (அ) பண்டைய தமிழக வரலாற்றை அறிய உதவும் இலக்கியச் சான்றுகளை விவாதி.

Discuss the literary sources available for the study of ancient history of Tamilnadu.

Or

- (ஆ) சங்க கால சமூக நிலையை ஆய்வு செய்க.

Examine the social conditions of Sangam Age.

17. (அ) முதலாம் மகேந்திரவர்மனின் வாழ்க்கை மற்றும் சாதனைகள் மதிப்பிடுக.

Estimate the career and achievements of Mahendravarman I.

Or

(ஆ) பல்லவர்களின் ஆட்சி முறையினை விளக்குக.

Describe the administrative system of the Pallavas.

18. (அ) முதலாம் இராஜேந்திர சோழனின் வாழ்க்கை வரலாற்றையும் சாதனைகளையும் விவரி.

Explain the career and achievements of Rajendra chola I.

Or

(ஆ) சோழர்களின் காலத்தியப் பொருளாதார நிலை பற்றி விளக்குக.

Examine the Economic condition of the cholas.

19. (அ) முதலாம் சடையவர்மன் சுந்தர பாண்டியனின் சாதனைகளை விளக்குக.

Discuss the achievements of Jadavarman Sundara Pandya I.

Or

(ஆ) மாலிக்காபூர் படையெடுப்பை பற்றி எழுதி அதன் விளைவுகளை கட்டுரையாக எழுதுக.

Write a note on the Invasion of Malikkafur and its impact on Tamil Society.

20. (அ) இஸ்லாமிய ஆட்சியின் சிறப்பு தன்மைகளை ஆராய்க.

Analyse the special features of administration of Muslims

Or

(ஆ) தமிழகத்தில் முகமதியர் ஆட்சியினால் ஏற்பட்ட தாக்கம் பற்றி வரைக.

Trace the impact of Muslim rule in Tamil Nadu.

Code No. : 22417 E Sub. Code : SMHI 51

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Fifth Semester

History — Main

ELEMENTS OF HISTORIOGRAPHY

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer:

1. The Greek word for History is

- (a) Ithikash
- (b) Tarich
- (c) Geschicht
- (d) Istorica

2. 'Hisotry makes men wise' - who said this statement?

- (a) Seely
- (b) Carlyle
- (c) Bacon
- (d) Taynbee

3. Today's politics is Tomorrow's

- (a) Economics
- (b) History
- (c) Geography
- (d) Philosophy

4. _____ is an Institution

- (a) Nation
- (b) People
- (c) Territory
- (d) Society

5. Who is said "No document No history"

- (a) Livy
- (b) Ranke
- (c) Kosambi
- (d) J.N. Sarkar

6. The author of the work 'Dascapital' is _____

- (a) Karlmarx (b) Hegal
(c) Splenger (d) Lenin

7. The book written by Kalhana is _____

- (a) Artha Sastra
(b) Harshacharita
(c) Indica
(d) Rajatharangani

8. The greatest work of K.A. Nilakanta Sastri is the history of _____

- (a) Tamil Nadu
(b) Vijayanagar
(c) Mogul empire
(d) The Cholas

9. Epigraphy is the study of

- (a) Monuments
(b) Coins
(c) Inscriptions
(d) literature

10. Trustworthiness of the document is determined by

- (a) External criticism
(b) Internal criticism
(c) Footnotes
(d) Bibliography

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Examine the scope of History.

Or

(b) Geography and chronology are the two eyes of history — Discuss.

12. (a) What is meant by concept of progress?

Or

(b) What is meant by the Causation and change in History?

13. (a) What do you know about Thucydides?

Or

(b) Analyse the character of Greek Historiography.

14. (a) Enumerate the historical contributions of Kalhana.

Or

(b) Estimate the contribution of Jadunath Sarkar.

15. (a) What are the uses of foot notes in research programme.

Or

(b) What are the uses of Bibliography in research programme?

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Describe the meaning and various definitions of History.

Or

(b) Mention the different Kinds of History.

17. (a) What are the Role of individuals and ideas in History?

Or

(b) What is meant by the Concept of progress? Evaluate its importance in Historical writing.

18. (a) Describe the contribution of Herodotus to Historiography.

Or

(b) Critically examine the contributions of Ranke to scientific historical writing.

19. (a) Estimate the contribution of K.A.Nilakanta Sastri.

Or

(b) Review the works of Ranajit Guha as a Historian.

20. (a) How far is objectivity attainable in historical writing?

Or

(b) Mention the different types of Sources which are useful for writing history.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the definition of Feminist.
Or
(b) Write an essay on concept of Feminism.
17. (a) Analyse the origin and growth of Feminism in America.
Or
(b) Elucidate the origin and Growth of Feminism in England.
18. (a) Enumerate the convention on all forms of Discrimination against Women.
Or
(b) Critically analyse the status of Women in Sangam Age.
19. (a) Examine the social evils against women in India.
Or
(b) Discuss the functions of Women's organization.
20. (a) Sketch the importance of women self – help groups.
Or
(b) Illustrate the contemporary social problems faced by women.

Code No. : 22802 E Sub. Code : JMHI 64

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Sixth Semester

History — Main

WOMEN'S STUDIES

(For those who joined in July 2016 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The word Femina is derived from _____ language.
(a) Latin (b) Chinese
(c) English (d) French
2. Who is the author of the book "The Subjection of Women"?
(a) Marx (b) Amin
(c) John Stuart Mill (d) Rousseau
3. _____ gave more liberties to women.
(a) Persians (b) Arabians
(c) Quakers (d) Egyptians

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

4. When did the World Conference of eradication of slave take place?
 (a) 1773 (b) 1776
 (c) 1880 (d) 1840
5. Where did the Second World Women's Conference held?
 (a) Copenhagen (b) Paris
 (c) London (d) Newyork
6. How many articles are there in convention on all forms of discrimination against women?
 (a) 30 (b) 39
 (c) 35 (d) 36
7. Who abolished Devadasi system?
 (a) Sarojini Naidu
 (b) Muthulakshmi Reddy
 (c) Rajaram Mohan Roy
 (d) Dhayanand Saraswathi.
8. The equal Remuneration Act was introduced in the year _____.
 (a) 1976 (b) 1961
 (c) 1988 (d) 1971
9. Who is called the "Iron Lady of India"?
 (a) Selvi. Jayalalitha
 (b) Mrs. Indira Gandhi
 (c) Mrs. Kasthuribai
 (d) Mrs. Kamala Nehru
10. Female Infanticide is popular in _____.
 (a) Usilampatti (b) Madurai
 (c) Thirunelveli (d) Salem

11. (a) Write a note on origin of Women Studies.
 Or
 (b) Define Feminism.
12. (a) What do you known about Liberal Feminism?
 Or
 (b) Give an account of socialist feminism.
13. (a) List out the basic rights of women.
 Or
 (b) State the importance of UNO conferences of women.
14. (a) Bring out the causes for the rise of Indian Feminism.
 Or
 (b) Narrate the protection of Women's Right Acts.
15. (a) Mention the achievements of Jansi Rani Laxmi Bai.
 Or
 (b) Trace the history of Annie Besant.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the definition of Feminist.
Or
(b) Write an essay on concept of Feminism.
17. (a) Analyse the origin and growth of Feminism in America.
Or
(b) Elucidate the origin and Growth of Feminism in England.
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Or
(b) Critically analyse the status of Women in Sangam Age.
19. (a) Examine the social evils against women in India.
Or
(b) Discuss the functions of Women's organization.
20. (a) Sketch the importance of women self – help groups.
Or
(b) Illustrate the contemporary social problems faced by women.

Code No. : 22802 E Sub. Code : JMHI 64

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Sixth Semester

History — Main

WOMEN'S STUDIES

(For those who joined in July 2016 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The word Femina is derived from _____ language.
(a) Latin (b) Chinese
(c) English (d) French
2. Who is the author of the book "The Subjection of Women"?
(a) Marx (b) Amin
(c) John Stuart Mill (d) Rousseau
3. _____ gave more liberties to women.
(a) Persians (b) Arabians
(c) Quakers (d) Egyptians

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

4. When did the World Conference of eradication of slave take place?
 (a) 1773 (b) 1776
 (c) 1880 (d) 1840
5. Where did the Second World Women's Conference held?
 (a) Copenhagen (b) Paris
 (c) London (d) Newyork
6. How many articles are there in convention on all forms of discrimination against women?
 (a) 30 (b) 39
 (c) 35 (d) 36
7. Who abolished Devadasi system?
 (a) Sarojini Naidu
 (b) Muthulakshmi Reddy
 (c) Rajaram Mohan Roy
 (d) Dhayanand Saraswathi.
8. The equal Remuneration Act was introduced in the year _____.
 (a) 1976 (b) 1961
 (c) 1988 (d) 1971
9. Who is called the "Iron Lady of India"?
 (a) Selvi. Jayalalitha
 (b) Mrs. Indira Gandhi
 (c) Mrs. Kasthuribai
 (d) Mrs. Kamala Nehru
10. Female Infanticide is popular in _____.
 (a) Usilampatti (b) Madurai
 (c) Thirunelveli (d) Salem

11. (a) Write a note on origin of Women Studies.
 Or
 (b) Define Feminism.
12. (a) What do you known about Liberal Feminism?
 Or
 (b) Give an account of socialist feminism.
13. (a) List out the basic rights of women.
 Or
 (b) State the importance of UNO conferences of women.
14. (a) Bring out the causes for the rise of Indian Feminism.
 Or
 (b) Narrate the protection of Women's Right Acts.
15. (a) Mention the achievements of Jansi Rani Laxmi Bai.
 Or
 (b) Trace the history of Annie Besant.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Elucidate the geographical features of India.

Or

(b) Why India is described as unity in Diversity?

17. (a) Estimate the importance of Historical monuments of India in the development of Tourism.

Or

(b) Write an essay on wild life and bird sanctuaries.

18. (a) Explain the role of Hindu pilgrimage in Tourism development.

Or

(b) Explain about the worshipping places of Muslims.

19. (a) Evaluate the Indian Music and its musical instruments.

Or

(b) Examine the centres of learning in India.

20. (a) Skiing is an important sport in Tourism. Explain.

Or

(b) List out the characteristic features of Tourist Guide.

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22949 E Sub. Code : SMHI 23

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Second Semester

History — Main

TOURISM PRODUCT IN INDIA

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Who coined the phrase "Unity in Diversity" for India?

- (a) Mahatma Gandhi
- (b) Vallabhai Patel
- (c) Jawaharl Nehru
- (d) Rajagopalachari

2. Which river is called as "Indian Nile"?

- (a) Brahmaputra
- (b) Ganga
- (c) Indus
- (d) Yamuna

3. Which is called as "City of Lakes" in the state of Rajasthan?
 (a) Udaipur (b) Nagpur
 (c) Jodkpur (d) Jaipur
4. Where is India Gate located?
 (a) New Delhi (b) Mumbai
 (c) Calcutta (d) Agra
5. Which is called as capital of silk sarees in India?
 (a) Varanasi (b) Calcutta
 (c) Kanchipuram (d) Jaipur
6. Which among the following is recognised as World Heritage site by UNESCO?
 (a) Agra fort (b) Red fort
 (c) Gwalior fort (d) Jodhpur fort
7. Where is the festival of Vinayahar celebrated famously in India?
 (a) Telengana (b) Mysore
 (c) Delhi (d) Pune
8. Kuchipudi the traditional dance of which state?
 (a) Andhra (b) Kerala
 (c) Orissa (d) Karnataka
9. What is the base for the sport sking?
 (a) land (b) water
 (c) space (d) Ice mountain
10. Pin valley is famous for what?
 (a) Trekking (b) Ballooning
 (c) Sking (d) Motor Rally

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)
 Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).
 Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Define tourism product.
 Or
 (b) Write a note on natural resources.
12. (a) Explain the role of Hill stations of Tamilnadu in developing tourism.
 Or
 (b) Describe the waterfalls of South India.
13. (a) Point out the importance of Christian Churches in Goa.
 Or
 (b) Write a note on golden temple of Skihs.
14. (a) Describe how dance festivals of India attracting tourists.
 Or
 (b) Give an account of folk dances of South India.
15. (a) Explain any five important trekking spots.
 Or
 (b) Examine the importance of Camel Safari in Tourism Department.

Code No. : 22961 E Sub. Code : SNHI 4 A

U.G. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Fourth Semester

History

Non-Major Elective — INDIAN POLITY

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Article 19 of Indian constitution guarantees

- (a) Right to equality
- (b) Right to freedom
- (c) Right to Property
- (d) Political rights

2. What is the source of Directive Principles of State policy in India?

- (a) Eireland
- (b) England
- (c) France
- (d) Russia

3. Who holds the power of Judicial Review?

- (a) High court
- (b) Family court
- (c) Supreme court
- (d) District court

4. What is the retirement age of the judge of the Supreme Court?

- (a) 65
- (b) 70
- (c) 60
- (d) 75

5. What is the term of the Governor of the state?

- (a) 5 years
- (b) 6 years
- (c) 7 years
- (d) 8 years

6. The official residence of the President of India is

- (a) Rashtrapathi Bhavan
- (b) Raj Bhavan
- (c) Raj Nivas
- (d) Rajaji Hall

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

7. The term parliament includes the _____.
- (a) Lok sabha only
(b) Rajya sabha only
(c) Lok sabha and Rajya sabha
(d) President, Lok sabha and Rajya sabha
8. What is called the watch dog of the Nations purse?
- (a) Lok Sabha
(b) Rajya Sabha
(c) President
(d) Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha
9. Who is the ex-officio chairman of the Rajya sabha?
- (a) President (b) Vice President
(c) Prime Minister (d) Chief Minister
10. In India the _____ has the power of pardoning the death sentences.
- (a) President (b) Vice President
(c) Prime Minister (d) Chief Minister

11. (a) Analyse the fundamental rights of Indian Citizen.

Or

- (b) Write a note on Fundamental Duties.

12. (a) Discuss the working of coalition governments in India.

Or

- (b) Write an essay on Judicial powers of Indian President.

13. (a) Describe the Functions and Powers of the Chief Justice of the State High Court.

Or

- (b) Give an account of Panchayat Raj.

14. (a) Explain the amending procedures of Indian Constitution.

Or

- (b) Write a note on the Centre-State relations in India.

15. (a) Explain the Electoral process procedure in India.

Or

(b) Give a note on Election commission.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) What are the federal features found in the constitution of India?

Or

(b) Explain the salient features of Directive principles of State policy.

17. (a) Examine whether the Judiciary in India is functioning independently.

Or

(b) Supreme court is the guardian of the constitution : Comment.

18. (a) How is the Chief Minister of State elected? Point out the extent of his powers.

Or

(b) How is the State Governor appointed? Explain his powers.

19. (a) Explain the provisions of the 73rd and 74th constitutional amendments.

Or

(b) Examine the emergency powers of the President of India.

20. (a) Describe the powers and functions of the Election Commissioner.

Or

(b) Write an essay on the National and Regional Parties in India.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22424 E

Sub. Code : SAHI 21

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Second Semester

History – Allied

MODERN CONSTITUTIONS

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Unwritten constitution is following Nation is
(a) UK (b) USA
(c) India (d) France
2. Who is nominal Chief Executive in UK?
(a) Prime Minister (b) Queen
(c) Speaker (d) Chief Justice

3. Who is chief of House of Commons?
- (a) Prime Minister
 - (b) Queen
 - (c) Speaker
 - (d) Chief Election Commissioner
4. How many members in House of Lords?
- (a) 600
 - (b) 700
 - (c) 800
 - (d) 900
5. Which is the lower House of US Congress?
- (a) Senate
 - (b) Federal Assembly
 - (c) House of lords
 - (d) House of Representatives
6. How many members in House of Representatives?
- (a) 415
 - (b) 425
 - (c) 435
 - (d) 445

7. Democratic party is one of the important political party of
- (a) UK (b) USA
(c) France (d) India
8. Which is the first written constitution in the world?
- (a) USA (b) UK
(c) India (d) China
9. Federal council is one of the House of
- (a) India (b) UK
(c) Switzerland (d) China
10. How many members in Federal Assembly?
- (a) 216 (b) 226
(c) 236 (d) 246

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a short note about salient features of England Constitution.

Or

- (b) Discuss the powers and functions of Queen in UK.

12. (a) Briefly explain the House of Commons.

Or

(b) Point out the role and functions of House of Lords.

13. (a) Bring out the salient features of USA constitution.

Or

(b) Write an essay about powers and functions of Vice President of USA.

14. (a) Briefly explain the committee system in USA.

Or

(b) Write a short note about role and functions of pressure Groups in USA.

15. (a) Explain the salient features of Swiss constitution.

Or

(b) Examine the Direct democracy in Switzerland.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Detailly discuss about sources and conventions of UK constitution.

Or

- (b) Critically examine the powers and functions of UK Prime Minister.

17. (a) Describe the process of law making in UK.

Or

- (b) Give an account of Committee system in UK.

18. (a) Analyse the powers and functions of the President of USA.

Or

- (b) Critically examine the framing of the USA constitution.

19. (a) Detailly discuss about Senate House in USA.

Or

- (b) Give an account of Judicial review in USA.

20. (a) Examine the powers and functions of Federal council in Switzerland.

Or

- (b) Describe the powers and functions of council of states in Switzerland.
-

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Describe significance of Geographical Discoveries.
- Or
- (b) Discuss the causes for the rise of Modern Era in Europe.
17. (a) Explain the contributions of Renaissance in England.
- Or
- (b) Describe the results of Renaissance in Italy.
18. (a) How did Reformation spread in France?
- Or
- (b) Mention the role of Martin Luther in the European Reformation.
19. (a) Write an essay on Louis XIV of France.
- Or
- (b) Critically analyse the Foreign policy of Frederic the Great.
20. (a) Sketch the achievements of Peter the Great.
- Or
- (b) Bring out the reforms of Joseph II.

Code No. : 22418 E **Sub. Code : SMHI 52**

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Fifth Semester

History — Main

HISTORY OF EUROPE (1453 – 1789 A.D.)

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer:

- Henry the Navigator belonged to the nation _____.

(a) Spain	(b) Portugal
(c) Italy	(d) England

- Constantinople fell to the Turks in the year _____.

(a) 1453	(b) 1465
(c) 1485	(d) 1493

- _____ discovered that all planets revolve round the sun.

(a) Planto	(b) Petrack
(c) Ptolemy	(d) Diuz

4. Divine Comedy was written by _____.
- (a) Michael Angelo (b) Lenoardo Da Vinci
(c) Machiavalli (d) Dante
5. _____ Was the Holy Roman Emperor.
- (a) Louis XIV (b) Louis XVI
(c) Joseph II (d) Charles V
6. Zwinglianism spread in _____.
- (a) Spain (b) Prussia
(c) Switzerzerland (d) Sweden
7. Who used to say 'I am the State'?
- (a) Louis XIV (b) Louis XV
(c) Louis XVI (d) None of the above
8. Spanish War of Succession took place to decide the successor of _____.
- (a) Charles II (b) Charles V
(c) Frederic the Great (d) John Wycliff
9. Catherine II Was the ruler of _____.
- (a) Prussia (b) England
(c) Russia (d) Poland
10. Seven Years came to an end by the Treaty of _____.
- (a) Westphalia (b) Paris
(c) Ais-la-Chapelle (d) Augsburg

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) What were the causes for the Geographical discoveries?
- Or
- (b) Write a note on Megallen.
12. (a) What were the changes due to literary Renaissance?
- Or
- (b) Explain the works of Raphel.
13. (a) Examine the causes for the counter reformation in Europe?
- Or
- (b) Trace the results of Thirty Years War.
14. (a) Critically analyse the Spanish Succession War.
- Or
- (b) Describe the domestic policy of Louis XIV.
15. (a) Analyse the accomplishments of Joseph II.
- Or
- (b) Trace out the causes for Seven years war. What were the results?

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Discuss Archaeology, History and Geography.
Or
(b) Write a short note on New Archaeology.
17. (a) Discuss the employabilities in Archaeology.
Or
(b) List out the achievements of Mortimer Wheeler.
18. (a) Assess the objectives of field visits.
Or
(b) List out scientific the materials that are to be used in the surface level field study.
19. (a) Write an Assessment about the second and third stage of Excavation Kizhadi.
Or
(b) Write a short note potters Registrar, Map.
20. (a) Explain the sets of ancient anitarites preservation.
Or
(b) Write an essay about Museums which are administrated by the local bodies.

Code No. : 22959 E Sub. Code : SSHI 4 A

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Fourth Semester

History — Main

Skill Based Subject — PRINCIPLES AND METHODS OF ARCHAEOLOGY

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Who had discovered the underwater Archaeology?
(a) Rao (b) Sankaliya
(c) Raman (d) Nagasamy
2. When was Arikamedu excavation started
(a) 1962 – 1967 (b) 1962 – 1968
(c) 1962 – 1969 (d) 1962 – 1970

3. Darwins has issued ————— theory.
- (a) Theory of Evolution
(b) Social Theory
(c) Philosophy Theory
(d) Natural Theory
4. Who had generated act of preservation of monuments?
- (a) Lord Curzon (b) John Marshal
(c) Burgess (d) Robert Bruce Foote
5. Aathichanallor belongs to ————— state.
- (a) Tamilnadu (b) Kerala
(c) Karnatakka (d) Pondichery
6. Who had made excavated in South India?
- (a) Krishna Samy
(b) Raman
(c) Iravatha Mahathevan
(d) Nagasamy
7. What is the life sprm f Co 14?
- (a) 5568 (b) 5569
(c) 5570 (d) 5571
8. Who had permutated method of Pollen powder calculation?
- (a) Von Poss (b) Thorainson
(c) Boyd (d) Saunders
9. Kavariboom Pattienam belongs to —————.
- (a) Nagapattinam (b) Kadalur
(c) Ariyalur (d) Namakkal

10. Who had excavated Kizhadi very first time?
- (a) Amarnath Ramakrishnnan
(b) Karthikeyan
(c) Sankar
(d) Raman

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a short note on Archaeology and other subjects.
Or
(b) Explain the kinds of Archaeology.
12. (a) List out the importance of Archaeology.
Or
(b) Write a note on Robert Bruce Boot.
13. (a) Explain the methods of proverting preserving rare things.
Or
(b) Explain the methods of Magnetic dating and Carbon dating.
14. (a) Write a short note on Korkai.
Or
(b) Write a short note about Thiruthangal.
15. (a) Write a short note on types of National Museums.
Or
(b) Explains culture and methods of living of Tamils.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22277 E

Sub. Code : JAHI 41

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Fourth Semester

History — Allied

INDIAN ADMINISTRATIVE SYSTEM

(For those who joined in July 2016 only)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer:

1. How many Ministries are there in 1947?

(a) 12

(b) 14

(c) 18

(d) 16

2. _____ is the highest level of Public Service in India.

(a) Indian civil service

(b) Staff selection commission

(c) UPSC

(d) TNPSC

3. Which department of the following has own public service commicssion?
- (a) Education (b) Railway
(c) Transport (d) Fishery
4. When did the committee on public undertaking formed?
- (a) 1964 (b) 1963
(c) 1962 (d) 1961
5. Who appointed the chief Election Commissioner?
- (a) Vice President (b) President
(c) Prime minister (d) Governor
6. In which state do not have Divisional commissioners?
- (a) Rajasthan (b) Kerala
(c) Tamilnadu (d) Haryana

7. Panchayat Raj system was recommended by the committee headed by _____.
- (a) Balwant Rai Mehta (b) Mohan singh Mehta
(c) Balevi singh Mehta (d) Balan singh Mehta
8. Balwant Raj Mehta committee was appointed in _____.
- (a) 1967 (b) 1957
(c) 1947 (d) 1977
9. The 74th Amendment also known as _____.
- (a) Nagara committee (b) Village act
(c) Nagar Palika Act (d) 74th Village act
10. The Municipal Corporation has a Chief Executive officer who is known as _____.
- (a) Municipal Commissioners
(b) Municipal Member
(c) Municipal Chairman
(d) Development Officer

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Role and objectives of the secretariat.

Or

(b) Staff selection commission services in India.

12. (a) Structure of central civil service.

Or

(b) Ministry of Defense.

13. (a) Special officer for Linguistic minorities.

Or

(b) Statutory committees.

14. (a) State civil services.

Or

(b) Reservation for Back word classes.

15. (a) Deputy ministers.

Or

(b) Singhvi committee Recommendation.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Asses the achievements of Planning commission in India.

Or

- (b) Write an essay on the Civil services in India.

17. (a) Enumerate the functions of Ministry of Finance.

Or

- (b) Describe the works of O and M Division in the central Government.

18. (a) Write an essay on the works of advisory and policy making in India.

Or

- (b) Assess the maintenance of accounts by the comptroller and Auditor General of India.

19. (a) Bring out the responsibilities to the collector.

Or

- (b) Write an essay on the District administration in India.

20. (a) List down the report of the central committees on administrative reforms since 1947.

Or

(b) Analyse administrative corruption.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write an essay on the Taiping Rebellion?
Or
(b) Examine the causes and significance of the First Opium war.
17. (a) Explain the causes and results of First Sino-Japanese War.
Or
(b) Explain the results of Second Sino-Japanese war.
18. (a) Examine the causes of Chinese Revolution of 1911.
Or
(b) How did League of Nations try to solve the Manchurian crisis?
19. (a) Explain the origin and evolution of the Kuomintang party.
Or
(b) Explain the career and achievement of Chiang Kai Shek.
20. (a) Describe about the rise of Communist Party in China.
Or
(b) Evaluate the role of Mao Tse Tung in Modernization of China.

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22419 E

Sub. Code : SMHI 53

**B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.**

Fifth Semester

History — Main

HISTORY OF CHINA (1839–1966A.D.)

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Which dynasty ruled prim to the Manchus?
(a) Ming (b) Tang
(c) Sung (d) Han
2. The treaty of Shimonoseki was signed in the year
(a) 1842 (b) 1860
(c) 1885 (d) 1895
3. Tai ping means _____
(a) Kingship (b) Dictatorship
(c) Democracy (d) Great peace

4. The Treaty signed between China and Japan after the First Chino - Japanese war.
- (a) Treaty of Nanking
 - (b) Tiensin Treaty
 - (c) Shimonoseki Treaty
 - (d) Treaty of Boag

5. The capital of Manchuria was _____

- (a) Mukton
- (b) Ientsin
- (c) Anking
- (d) Peking

6. The Manchu reforms were introduced by _____

- (a) Tsu Hsi
- (b) Kwang Hsu
- (c) Puyi
- (d) Sun yat sen

7. The country which imposed the Twenty-One Demands on China.

- (a) Britain
- (b) America
- (c) France
- (d) Japan

8. 'Long March' reached the distance of _____ miles.

- (a) 8,000
- (b) 6,000
- (c) 10,000
- (d) 20,000

9. The Long march was launched in the year _____

- (a) 1931
- (b) 1932
- (c) 1933
- (d) 1934

10. China became a communist country in _____
- (a) 1919
 - (b) 1929
 - (c) 1939
 - (d) 1949

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a note on Opium Trade.

Or

(b) Write the importance of the Treaty of Nanking.

12. (a) Give an account of Russo-Chinese Agreements.

Or

(b) Describe the Hundred days reforms.

13. (a) Explain the causes of Boxer Rebellion.

Or

(b) Give an account of Manchu reforms.

14. (a) Sketch the political life of Yuan Shi Kai.

Or

(b) Give the importance of May Fourth Movement.

15. (a) What were the causes for the Manchurian crisis?

Or

(b) Describe the causes of II world war.

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Fifth Semester

History — Main

INDIAN PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The study of Administration is written by whom?

- (a) Nicolas (b) Woodrow Wilson
(c) Rajiv Gandhi (d) Patel

2. Public means

- (a) People (b) Institution
(c) State (d) Government

3. Who laid the foundations of strong public enterprises?

- (a) Modi (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
(c) Mountbatten (d) Patel

4. Which is the smallest unit of administration in Rajasthan?

- (a) Bharatpur Division
(b) Jaipur Division
(c) Dhar Division
(d) Jodhpur Division

5. Who is the father of Panchayat Raj?

- (a) Woodrow Wilson (b) Morarji Desai
(c) Sharma (d) Balwant Rai Mehta

6. Who said Hierarchy is a Channel of Command?

- (a) Gullick (b) Max Weber
(c) L.D. White (d) Wilson

7. Where is located the Head Quarters of 'Nidhi Ayog'?

- (a) Hyderabad (b) Delhi
(c) Calcutta (d) Chennai

8. Who is the Present Finance Minister in India?
- (a) Arun Jetley
(b) Chidambaram
(c) Modi
(d) Nirmala Sitharaman

9. Who introduced the National Development council in India?
- (a) Mountbatten (b) Gandhi
(c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Modi

10. Bhopal Gas Disaster is a kind of
- (a) Natural Disaster (b) Manmade Disaster
(c) Expedition (d) Soil Erosion

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a note on scope of public administration.

Or

- (b) Trace the evolution of Indian Public Administration.

12. (a) What are the features of Departmental Undertaking?

Or

- (b) Mention the Navaratnas of the public sector enterprises.

13. (a) What are the principles of organization of Public Administration?

Or

- (b) What are the salient features of the 73rd constitutional Amendments?

14. (a) Mention the functions of planning commission.

Or

- (b) Write a note on Finance Commission of India.

15. (a) What are the objectives and elements of disaster management?

Or

- (b) Mention the present challenges in public administration.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the salient features of Indian administrative system.
Or
(b) Discuss the view of Woodrow Wilson on Public Administration.
17. (a) Describe the functions of the chief Executive in the Administration.
Or
(b) Analyse the Independent Regulatory Commission in India.
18. (a) Mention the provisions of the 74th constitutional amendment.
Or
(b) Explain the structures of organisation in Public Administration.
19. (a) What do you know about Nidhi Aayog? Explain it.
Or
(b) Discuss the current position of the National Development Council.

20. (a) Trace out the provisions of Right to Information Act.

Or

- (b) Analyse the recommendations of Administrative reforms commission.

(3 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22429 B

Sub. Code : SNHI 3 A

U.G. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Third Semester

History

Non-Major Elective – FREEDOM MOVEMENT IN
INDIA

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. இந்திய தேசிய காங்கிரஸின் முதல் தலைவர் யார்?
(அ) தாதாபாய் நௌரோஜி
(ஆ) மோதிலால் நேரு
(இ) W.C. பானர்ஜி
(ஈ) பத்ருதின் தியாப்ஜி

Who was the first leader of Indian National Congress?

- (a) Dadabhai Naoroji (b) Motilal Nehru
(c) W.C. Bannerjee (d) Badruddin Tyabji

2. மிதவாதிகளின் தலைவர் யார்?

- (அ) ராஜாராம் மோகன் ராய்
(ஆ) தாதாபாய் நௌரோஜி
(இ) பால கங்காதர திலகர்
(ஈ) கோபால கிருஷ்ண கோகலே

Who was the leader of Moderates?

- (a) Rajaram Mohan Roy
(b) Dadabhai Naoroji
(c) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
(d) Gopala Krishna Gokhale

3. கிலாபத் இயக்கம் எந்த ஆண்டு தொடங்கப்பட்டது?

- (அ) 1910 (ஆ) 1915
(இ) 1919 (ஈ) 1920

In which year was Khilafat movement started?

- (a) 1910 (b) 1915
(c) 1919 (d) 1920

4. சுயராஜ்யக் கட்சியை தொடங்கியவர் யார்?
- (அ) மௌலானா அபுல் கலாம் ஆசாத்
(ஆ) பாலகங்காதா திலகர்
(இ) ஜவஹர்லால் நேரு
(ஈ) சித்தராஞ்சன் தாஸ்

Who started the Swaraj Party?

- (a) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
(b) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
(c) Jawaharlal Nehru
(d) Chittaranjan Das

5. ஒத்துழையாமை இயக்கம் எப்பொழுது நிறுத்தப்பட்டது?

- (அ) 1922 (ஆ) 1920
(இ) 1921 (ஈ) 1919

When was the Non co-operation movement suspended?

- (a) 1922 (b) 1920
(c) 1921 (d) 1919

6. காந்தியடிகள் தேசிய அரசியலில் நுழைய எந்த சம்பளம் அடிகோலியது?

- (அ) சம்பரான் இயக்கம்
(ஆ) கேதா சத்தியாகிரகம்
(இ) ஜாலியன் வாலாபாக் படுகொலை
(ஈ) செளரி செளரா நிகழ்ச்சி

Which movement marked Gandhiji's entry into national politics?

- (a) Champaran movement
- (b) Kheda Satyagraha
- (c) Jallianwalabagh massacre
- (d) Chauri-Chaura incident

7. தனிநபர் சத்தியாகிரகத்தை முதலில் தொடங்கியவர் யார்?

- (அ) வினோபா பாவே (ஆ) மகாத்மா காந்தி
- (இ) வல்லபாய் படேல் (ஈ) கோவிந்த் பாண்ட்

Who started individual satyagraha at first?

- (a) Vinoba Bhave (b) Mahatma Gandhi
- (c) Vallabhai Patel (d) Govind Pant

8. பின் வருபவர்களில் யார் பூனா ஒப்பந்தத்தை ஏற்றுக் கொள்ளாதவர்?

- (அ) B.R. அம்பேத்கர்
- (ஆ) மதன் மோகன் மாளவியா
- (இ) C. ராஜகோபாலாச்சாரி
- (ஈ) M.K. காந்தி

Who among the following was not accepted the Poona Part?

- (a) B.R. Ambedkar
- (b) Madan Mohan Malviya
- (c) C. Rajagopalachari
- (d) M.K. Gandhi

9. கேபினட் தூதுக்குழு எந்த ஆண்டு இந்தியா வந்தது?
(அ) 1942 (ஆ) 1945
(இ) 1946 (ஈ) 1947

Which year was cabinet mission came to India?

- (a) 1942 (b) 1945
(c) 1946 (d) 1947

10. சுபாஷ் சந்திர போஸ்-ற்கு முன்னால் இந்திய தேசிய ராணுவத்தின் தலைமை தளபதி யார்?

- (அ) ஜியானி பிரிதம் சிங் (ஆ) கேப்டன் மோகன்சிங்
(இ) மேஜர் ஃபியூஜிகரா (ஈ) கேப்டன் சுரஜ் மால்

Who was the commander in chief of Indian National Army before Subhash Chandra Bose?

- (a) Giani Pritam Singh
(b) Capt. Mohansingh
(c) Major Fujihara
(d) Capt. Suraj Mal

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (அ) இந்திய தேசியம் வளர்ந்தற்கான காரணிகளை வரிசைப்படுத்துக.

List out the factors that led to the growth of Indian Nationalism.

Or

- (ஆ) தீவிரவாதிகள் யார்? அவர்களுடைய கொள்கைகளை விளக்குக.

Who were extremists? Explain their principles.

12. (அ) ஜாலியன் வாலாபாக் படுகொலை பற்றி விவரி.
Describe about the Jallianwalabagh
massacre.

Or

- (ஆ) தன்னாட்சி இயக்கத்தின் தோற்றம் மற்றும் வளர்ச்சி குறித்து சிறு குறிப்பு வரைக.
Write a short note on origin and growth of
Home Rule Movement.

13. (அ) செளரி செளரா நிகழ்ச்சியின் விளைவுகளை மதிப்பிடுக.
Evaluate the results of Chauri Chaura
incident.

Or

- (ஆ) சுயராஜ்யக் கட்சியின் சாதனைகளை விளக்குக.
Describe the achievements of Swaraj Party.

14. (அ) வகுப்புவாரித் தீர்வின் முக்கியத்துவத்தினை விளக்குக.
Explain the significance of communal award.

Or

- (ஆ) காந்தி இர்வின் ஒப்பந்தத்தை மதிப்பிடுக.
Evaluate Gandhi-Irwin part.

15. (அ) கேபினட் தூதுக்குழுவின் திட்டத்தினை மதிப்பிடுக.
Estimate the cabinet mission plan.

Or

- (ஆ) இந்திய விடுதலை போராட்டத்தில் இந்திய தேசிய இராணுவத்தின் பங்கினை ஆராய்க.
Examine the role Indian National Army in
the freedom struggle of India.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (அ) இந்திய தேசிய காங்கிரஸின் தோற்றம் மற்றும் அதன் வளர்ச்சி பற்றி ஒரு கட்டுரை வரைக.

Write an essay on the origin and growth of Indian National Congress.

Or

- (ஆ) மிதவாதிகளுக்கும் தீவிரவாதிகளுக்கும் உள்ள வித்தியாசங்களை விளக்குக.

Describe the differences between the moderates and extremists.

17. (அ) கிலாபத் இயக்கத்தின் தோற்றத்திற்கான காரணங்கள் மற்றும் அதன் முக்கியத்துவத்தினை மதிப்பிடுக.

Estimate the reasons for the origin and importance of the Khilafat movement.

Or

- (ஆ) ரௌலட் சட்டத்தினை விளக்கி அதனால் ஏற்பட்ட தாக்கத்தினை விளக்குக.

Explain the Rowlat Act and its impacts.

18. (அ) சைமன் குழுவின் பரிந்துரைகளை விளக்கி அது ஏன் தோல்வியடைந்து என்பதை ஆராய்க.
Describe the recommendations Simon Commission and examine why it was failed?

Or

- (ஆ) நேரு அறிக்கையின் சிறப்பம்சங்களை விவரி.
Explain the salient features of Nehru Report.
19. (அ) சட்ட மறுப்பு இயக்கம் பற்றி ஒரு கட்டுரை வரைக.
Write an essay on Civil Disobedience movement.

Or

- (ஆ) வட்ட மேஜை மாநாடுகள் தோல்வியடைந்ததற்கான காரணங்களை எழுது.
Write the reasons for the failure of Round Table Conferences.
20. (அ) வெள்ளையனே வெளியேறு இயக்கத்தினை பற்றி எழுதி அதன் விளைவுகளை ஆய்வு செய்க.
Analyse the Quit India Movement and its results.

Or

- (ஆ) இந்தியா சுதந்திரம் அடைவதற்கு முன்னால் நிகழ்ந்த முக்கிய நிகழ்வுகளை விளக்குக.
Explain the important events before the Indian Independence.

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22426 E

Sub. Code : SAHI 41

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Fourth Semester

History – Allied

MODERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

1. Thomas Hapos belongs to which country?
 - (a) England
 - (b) Denmark
 - (c) America
 - (d) Japan
2. Where did Rousseau born?
 - (a) Geniva
 - (b) Rome
 - (c) Russia
 - (d) China

3. Where was James mill born?
- (a) 1836 (b) 1837
(c) 1838 (d) 1839
4. Who is the father of Modern philosophy?
- (a) Immanuvel kant (b) Spencer
(c) Bradley (d) Mill
5. In which country Karal Marz belongs?
- (a) German (b) Italy
(c) America (d) France
6. When was labour party started
- (a) 1912 (b) 1913
(c) 1914 (d) 1915
7. Hitler had released _____ philosophy
- (a) 21 (b) 22
(c) 23 (d) 24
8. Who had traced world federal government
- (a) Shaw (b) Russell
(c) Laski (d) Daily

9. Name the state where Gandhi born
- (a) Gujarat (b) Delhi
(c) Karnatakka (d) Assam
10. Who had founded Subarmiti Asramam
- (a) Gandhi (b) Bharathiyar
(c) Ramakrishnan (d) Aravindar

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Describe the sovereignty.
- Or
- (b) Discuss about Hopsins social contract.
12. (a) Enumerate Lock's social treaty.
- Or
- (b) Explains Rousseaus, social treaty.
13. (a) Explains Montesauces equal interventions.
- Or
- (b) Explain the prospects of social equality.
14. (a) List out reasons the rise of Nassisim.
- Or
- (b) List out the books written by pretinant Russell.

15. (a) Explain Satyagraha.

Or

(b) Explain the developments of liberalism.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write an essay on types of Sovereignty.

Or

(b) Assess Hopsin's natural rights and laws.

17. (a) Enumerate the philosophy of David Hume.

Or

(b) Write an assessment about Edmund Bruk.

18. (a) Explain the basic philosophy of Karal Marx.

Or

(b) Bring out the history of democracy.

19. (a) Explains merits and demerits of Democracy.

Or

(b) Explain about the philosophy of Passisism.

20. (a) Discuss locks libralar socialism.

Or

(b) Estimate property Russell in thoughts.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22421 E Sub. Code : SEHI 5 A

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Fifth Semester

History — Main

Major Elective — CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY OF
INDIAN (1773 – 1947)

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Which of the following British Act gave exclusive trade privileges to the British East India Company?
 - (a) Regulating Act, 1773
 - (b) Pitt's India Act of 1784
 - (c) Charter Act of 1793
 - (d) Charter Act of 1813

2. Who established the "Sadar Diwari Adalat"?
 - (a) Warren Hastings
 - (b) Cornwallis
 - (c) John Macpherson
 - (d) Wellesley
3. Who had represented to the Queen about inconveniences of double Government?
 - (a) Lord Warren Hastings
 - (b) Lord Palmerston
 - (c) Lord Wellesley
 - (d) Lord Robert Clive
4. The Queen proclamation was read by whom?
 - (a) Lord Cornwallis
 - (b) Lord Dalhousie
 - (c) Lord Canning
 - (d) Lord Ripon
5. Which act introduced communal electorate in India?
 - (a) India Council Act 1861
 - (b) India Council Act 1892
 - (c) India Council Act 1909
 - (d) India Council Act 1919

6. In which year Indian National Congress was formed?

- (a) 1858 (b) 1885
(c) 1895 (d) 1909

7. Who said "Swaraj is my birth right"?

- (a) Tilak (b) Annie Besant
(c) Raja Ram (d) Lord Ripon

8. When was signed the Gandhi – Irwin Pact?

- (a) 1929 (b) 1930
(c) 1931 (d) 1932

9. Which party came into power in Britain in 1945?

- (a) Republic Party (b) Democratic Party
(c) Labour Party (d) Communist Party

10. The Direct Action Day was observed by

- (a) Congress (b) Muslim League
(c) Swaraj Party (d) Communist Party

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Mention the provisions of the Regulating Act.

Or

(b) Why was Pitt's India Act of 1784 Passed?

12. (a) Write a note on the Charter Act of 1833

Or

(b) What important changes were introduced by the Act of 1858? Discuss.

13. (a) What were the circumstances leading to the passing of the Indian Councils Act of 1861?

Or

(b) Write a note on Minto – Morley Reforms.

14. (a) Mention the special features of Montague – Chelmsford Reforms of 1919.

Or

(b) Write short note on Federal Legislature.

15. (a) Write a note on Cripp's Proposal.

Or

(b) What were the circumstances leading to the passing of the Indian Independence Act of 1947?

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Mention the circumstances leading to the passing of the Regulating Act.

Or

(b) Discuss the provisions of Pitt's India Act of 1784.

17. (a) Describe the provisions and importance of the Charter Act of 1853.

Or

(b) Analyse the circumstances leading to the passing of the Queen's Proclamation of 1858.

18. (a) Comment — "The Indian Councils Act of 1861 is a great landmark in the constitutional history of India".

Or

(b) List out the provisions of the Indian Councils Act of 1892.

19. (a) Explain the system of Dyarchy and its failure.

Or

(b) Discuss the chief features and main defects of the Government of India Act 1935.

20. (a) Critically analyse the factors that were responsible for India's Partition.

Or

(b) Bring out the salient features of the Indian Independence Act of 1947.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22256 E

Sub. Code : JMHI 21

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Second Semester

History — Main

HISTORY OF INDIA 647 A.D. TO 1526 A.D

(For those who joined in July 2016 only)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. The theory of mixed origin of Rajputs was accepted by _____
 - (a) V.A. Smith
 - (b) Gowri Shankar Oshaw
 - (c) C.V. Vaidya
 - (d) William Broke

2. The author of the book Prithivirai Raso was _____
- (a) Chanthbarthai (b) Bharavi
(c) Sudraka (d) Mihira Bhosa
3. Muhammad Gazhi ruled from the year _____ to the year _____
- (a) 998-1030 (b) 998-1031
(c) 998-1032 (d) 998-1033
4. The ruler of malava country _____
- (a) Ghore Muhammad (b) Raj puts
(c) Gazni (d) Sultan
5. Kutubminar was established by _____
- (a) Iltumish (b) Quth-din
(c) Balban (d) Khilji
6. The sultan who shifted his capital from Delhi to Devagiri was
- (a) Muhammad-bin-Tughlug
(b) Alauddin Khilji
(c) Balban
(d) Muhammad Shaw

7. Lodi Dynasty ascended the throne in
- (a) 1451 (b) 1452
(c) 1453 (d) 1454
8. The author of Bhakti movement was _____
- (a) Sudas (b) Kabir
(c) Namathevar (d) Gurunak
9. The name of temple constructed by Krishna Devaraya
- (a) Hazara Kovil (b) Amman Kovil
(c) Suriya Kovil (d) Kalradha Kovil
10. The battle of Talikkotta was occurred in the year _____
- (a) 1665 (b) 1565
(c) 1465 (d) 1365

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Give an account of the Raj puts.

Or

- (b) Write the causes of the decline of the Raj puts.

12. (a) Describe the conquest of Gazni Muhammad.

Or

(b) Write a note on the Raziya Begam.

13. (a) Give a short note on Alauddin Administration.

Or

(b) Analyse the Muhammad-bin-Tughlak administration.

14. (a) Write about Sayyid Dynasty.

Or

(b) Give a short note on Lodi's internal policy.

15. (a) What do you know about the origin of Bhamini Kingdom.

Or

(b) Analyse the Vijayanagar culture.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Describe the Rajput's culture.

Or

- (b) Summarise the Rajputs Government.

17. (a) Explain the achievements Kutbuddin Aibak.

Or

- (b) Estimate the invasion of Muhammad of Ghori.

18. (a) Write an essay about the Muhammad -bin- Tughlak.

Or

- (b) Bring out the achievements of Iltutimish.

19. (a) Describe the origin and culture of Vijayanagar.

Or

- (b) Give an account of architecture under Vijayanagar empire.

20. (a) Evaluate the decline of Bhamani Kingdom.

Or

(b) Write an essay about the Battle of Talaikotta.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22422 E Sub. Code : SEHI 5 B

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Fifth Semester

History

Major Elective – PANCHAYAT RAJ IN INDIA

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Who said India lives in villages?
(a) Nehru (b) Gandhi
(c) Rajaji (d) Vinobave
2. Who was called as the father of local self government of India?
(a) Curzon (b) Lytton
(c) Ribbon (d) Wellesly

3. Name the inscription which contains the message about chola self Government
(a) Utramerur (b) Nasik
(c) Junagath (d) Nalanda
4. Which committee was mentioned about three tier system?
(a) Mandal committee
(b) Asok Mehta
(c) Balwantraji Mehta
(d) Singhvi committee
5. Which year Singhvi committee was formed?
(a) 1990 (b) 1986
(c) 1988 (d) 1991
6. Which year Madras Local Board Act was passed?
(a) 1884 (b) 1885
(c) 1886 (d) 1990

7. Which year Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana was came into force?

- (a) 2000 (b) 2001
(c) 2003 (d) 2005

8. Which year chennai corporation was formed?

- (a) 1687 (b) 1987
(c) 1690 (d) 1960

9. In whose period Sungi tax was introduced?

- (a) Mughals (b) Romans
(c) Sultans (d) Mauryas

10. Which section was mentioned about the formation of Municipalities?

- (a) Sec 248 A (b) Sec 243 A
(c) Sec 246 B (d) Sec 244 A

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Describe about traditional panchayats.

Or

(b) What was the aim of the Boodhan Movement? Explain.

12. (a) Explain the 73rd constitutional amendment.

Or

(b) Describe the report of the Balant Roy Mehta committee.

13. (a) Trace out how the two tier system functioned under kamaraj.

Or

(b) What was the duties of Variyams?

14. (a) Write a shot on Panchayat Finance.

Or

(b) What is Mayor's court? And explain.

15. (a) What are the duties of a Panchayat Board president?

Or

(b) Write a note on the meetings of the Gram sabha.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Elaborate the views of Mahatma Gandhi on Panchayat Raj.

Or

- (b) Critically examine the recommendations of the Asok Mehta Committee 1977.

17. (a) Trace the history of Panchayat raj in India from 1920 to 1947.

Or

- (b) What are sources of Panchayat Finance.

18. (a) Assess the role of community development programmes under the Panchayat raj system.

Or

- (b) Explain the works of village panchayats.

19. (a) Explain about district development council.

Or

- (b) Write about state control on rural local governments.

20. (a) Explain about municipal corporations.

Or

- (b) Elaborate the 74th constitutional amendment.
-

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22285 E Sub. Code : JNHI 4 B

U.G. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Fourth Semester

History – Main

Non-Major Elective — INDIAN CONSTITUTION – II

(For those who joined in July 2016 only)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Who was the leader of Drafting Committee of Indian Constitution?
 - (a) Rajendra Prasad
 - (b) Ambedkhar
 - (c) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - (d) Vallabhai Patel

2. How is the Indian Constitution called?
- (a) Longhthiest Constitution
 - (b) Shortest Constitution
 - (c) Unwritten Constitution
 - (d) Best Constitution
3. Which right was deleted from Fundamental Rights?
- (a) Right to Freedom (b) Right to Property
 - (c) Right to Equality (d) Right to Religion
4. Which part of the Indian Constitution is mentioned about the Fundamental Duties?
- (a) Part III (b) Part II
 - (c) Part IV (d) Part IV-A
5. Who is called as the first citizen of India?
- (a) President (b) Governor
 - (c) Prime Minister (d) Speaker

6. Prime Minister is the leader of the _____.
- (a) State Government (b) Parliament
(c) Nation (d) Rajya Sabha
7. Which is the Lower house of Indian Parliament?
- (a) Lok Sabha (b) Rajya Sabha
(c) Senate (d) House of Lords
8. _____ bill was determined by the Speaker.
- (a) Ordinary (b) Money
(c) Private (d) Government
9. Who is the Guardian of Human Rights?
- (a) Court
(b) Parliament
(c) Legislative Assembly
(d) Police Station
10. Where is Supreme Court located in India?
- (a) Chennai (b) Madurai
(c) New Delhi (d) Mumbai

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Describe the origin of Indian Constitution.

Or

(b) State the sources used to the making of Indian Constitution.

12. (a) List out the rights of Indian People.

Or

(b) Explain the importance of Fundamental Duties.

13. (a) Bring out the powers of vice-president.

Or

(b) Narrate the relations between Chief Minister and Governor.

14. (a) Analyse the method of introduction of money bill.

Or

(b) How did the ordinary bill become Act?

15. (a) Give an account of qualification and tenure of the Chief Justice of Supreme Court.

Or

- (b) What is Judicial Review? Explain.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the salient features of Indian Constitution.

Or

- (b) Examine the importance of preamble of Indian Constitution.

17. (a) Write an essay on Directive Principle of State Policy.

Or

- (b) Enumerate the Amendment Acts.

18. (a) Mention the functions of President.

Or

- (b) Analyse the relation between Cabinet and Prime Minister.

19. (a) Estimate the structure and powers of Lok Sabha.

Or

(b) Critically analyse the functions of Rajya Sabha.

20. (a) Discuss the works of Supreme Court.

Or

(b) Illustrate the limitation of powers of High Court.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22262 E

Sub. Code : JMHI 61

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Sixth Semester

History — Main

HISTORY OF TAMILNADU 1565-2000 AD.

(For those who joined in July 2016 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer

1. _____ armies invaded on Chenji

(a) Vijayanagar

(b) Bijapur

(c) Maratha

(d) Tanjore

2. Who was called as 'Roman Brahmin'.
- (a) Annie Beasant
 - (b) Fahien
 - (c) Robert D. Nobili
 - (d) Rouseau
3. _____ was the founder of the marathas of Tanjore.
- (a) Venkoji
 - (b) Shaji
 - (c) Krishnappa
 - (d) Pratab singh
4. _____ was the last son of venkoji
- (a) Shaji
 - (b) Serofoji
 - (c) Tukoji
 - (d) Amir singh
5. The Third Carnatic War came to an end with the treaty of _____
- (a) Pondicherry
 - (b) Mysore
 - (c) Paris
 - (d) Peking

6. Hyder Ali was died in the year _____
- (a) 1780 (b) 1781
(c) 1782 (d) 1783
7. The Trichy Proclomation was Proclaimed by _____
- (a) Gopala Nayak
(b) Kattabomman
(c) Omaithurai
(d) Marudhu pandyan
8. The Vellore Mutiny was broke out in the year _____
- (a) 1802 (b) 1804
(c) 1806 (d) 1808
9. Who was associated with the Maniachi Railway station.
- (a) Bhagat singh (b) Uttam singh
(c) Vanchinathan (d) Tilak
10. Rajaji conducted Salt Sathyagraha at _____
- (a) Dandi (b) Vedarayam
(c) Merina (d) Sabarmathi

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a short note on the war of the Noses.

Or

- (b) Illustrate the glories of Chenji Nayaks.

12. (a) Examine the achievements of Shaji.

Or

- (b) List out the achievements of Serfoji II.

13. (a) Describe the second Carnatic War.

Or

- (b) Bring out the achievements of Robertclive.

14. (a) Discuss the Policies of Maruthu Pandyan.

Or

- (b) Explain the causes for the Vellor Mutiny.

15. (a) List out the policies followed by V.O. Chidambaram against British.

Or

- (b) Write a short note on Subramania Bharathi.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) List out the Invasions of Chockanatha Nayak.

Or

- (b) Estimate the contribution of Nayaks to Art and Architecture.

17. (a) Examine the administrative system under the Marathas of Tanjore

Or

- (b) Mention the Policies of Sethupathy of Ramnad.

18. (a) Analyse the causes for the Anglo-French Wars

Or

- (b) Examine the advent of the British.

19. (a) Bringout the causes and results of the South Indian Rebellion.

Or

- (b) Examine the merits and demerits of Ryotwari System

20. (a) Describe the origin and achievements of the Justice Party.

Or

(b) Discuss the importance of self Respect Movement.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22265 E

Sub. Code : JMHI 64

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2019.

Sixth Semester

History — Main

WOMEN'S STUDIES

(For those who joined in July 2016 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. One is not born but rather becomes a woman who said this?
 - (a) J.S. Mill
 - (b) Betty Friedan
 - (c) Simone de Beauvoir
 - (d) Shulamith Firestone

2. Who coined the word feminism?
- (a) Charles fourier
 - (b) J.S. Mill
 - (c) Walker
 - (d) Carol Hanisch
3. The National Women's studies Association was established in the year?
- (a) 1970
 - (b) 1975
 - (c) 1976
 - (d) 1977
4. Vindication of the Rights of Women was writer by
- (a) Sargent Murray
 - (b) Mary Wollstonecraft
 - (c) Elizabeth
 - (d) J.S. Mill
5. CEDAW was adopted in the year
- (a) 1979
 - (b) 1879
 - (c) 1989
 - (d) 1983
6. The first women who called for international womens day in 1910 was
- (a) Margret Cousin
 - (b) Aruna Asaf Ali
 - (c) Clara Zetkin
 - (d) Lucy Stone

7. Reservation for women in urban local government was introduced by which constitutional amendment
- (a) 72nd (b) 73rd
(c) 74th (d) 86th
8. A working group on Women's Agency and Empowerment was constituted under
- (a) 6th five year plan
(b) 12th five year plan
(c) 9th five year plan
(d) 10th five year plan
9. When was POCSO Act passed
- (a) 1983 (b) 2004
(c) 2012 (d) 2013
10. Bill on protection of women on domestic violence was passed in the year
- (a) 1995 (b) 2005
(c) 2006 (d) 2010

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Concept of feminism.

Or

(b) Theories of feminism.

12. (a) Explain the Rise and growth of feminism in USA.

Or

(b) What are the various kinds of feminism?

13. (a) Write a note on Women's Rights Conferences.

Or

(b) Write a note on CEDAW.

14. (a) Give an account of women empowerment.

Or

(b) Explain how women's health effects with malnutrition.

15. (a) Explain the self-help group growth in India.

Or

- (b) Write an essay on National Commission for women.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the importance and purpose of women's studies.

Or

- (b) Discuss briefly the concept of feminism at different stages.

17. (a) Explain the Marxist theory of feminism.

Or

- (b) Explain the principles of radical feminism suggested by Radicals for the liberation of women.

18. (a) Explain the role played by UNO in establishing women's rights.

Or

- (b) Explain the social evils in India exclusively for women since independence.

19. (a) Describe the role of social reform movement for the growth of Indian feminism.

Or

- (b) Analyse the various schemes introduced by the central and state government for the development of women.

20. (a) Describe the growth of women entrepreneurship in India.

Or

- (b) Express your views on Anti-Rape movement at present in India.
-

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Discuss the Europeanization of Russia under Peter the Great.
Or
(b) Bring out the administrative reforms of Catherine the Great.
17. (a) Summarize the foreign policy of Nicholas I
Or
(b) Narrate the impacts of Crimean war on Russia.
18. (a) Analyze the causes and results of Russo-Japanese war
Or
(b) Trace the activities of the Nihilist movement in Russia.
19. (a) Explain the participation of Russia in the First World War.
Or
(b) Assess the role of Lenin in the Bolshevik revolution.
20. (a) Write about the economic development of Russia in the mid of 19th century.
Or
(b) Discuss the Sino-Soviet relationship during the reign of Khrushchev.

Code No. : 8797

Sub. Code : PHYE 21

M.A.(CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
APRIL 2019.

Second Semester

History — Elective

HISTORY OF RUSSIA –1689-1964 AD

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Ivan IV was commonly known as Ivan the
(a) Terrible (b) Honest
(c) Trouble shooter (d) Intelligent
2. Peter the Great came to power in
(a) 1682 (b) 1684
(c) 1662 (d) 1688

3. Alexander I became the emperor of Russian in
 (a) 180 (b) 1802
 (c) 1803 (d) 1805
4. First Russian King of Partitioned Poland
 (a) Alexander I (b) Nicolas I
 (c) Alexander II (d) Nicholas II
5. Alexander III of Russia was King of
 (a) Poland (b) Ireland
 (c) Scotland (d) England
6. Russo-Japanese war took place in
 (a) 1861 (b) 1864
 (c) 1865 (d) 1904
7. Bolshevik revolution took place in
 (a) 1911 (b) 1864
 (c) 1905 (d) 1917
8. The people of Slav race lived in
 (a) England (b) France
 (c) Russia (d) America
9. First Secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union
 (a) Khrushchev (b) Nicholas II
 (c) Stalin (d) Lenin
10. Khrushchev Thaw to a change in
 (a) Politics (b) Education
 (c) Agriculture (d) industry

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Give a note on the Romanov dynasty of Russia.
 Or
 (b) Brief the financial reforms of Peter the Great.
12. (a) Note on the foreign policy of Alexander I
 Or
 (b) Write the social position of serfs in Russia.
13. (a) Enlighten the repressive Policy of Alexander III.
 Or
 (b) Brief the autocratic Policy of Nicholas II.
14. (a) Why did the First World War take place?
 Or
 (b) State the significance of Bloody Sunday.
15. (a) Enlighten the domestic Policy of Khrushchev.
 Or
 (b) Note on NATO.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words

16. (a) Why is the 6th century A.D. referred as the Age of Ignorance in the history of Arabs?

Or

- (b) Give an account of the career and achievements of Mohammed Nabi.

17. (a) Explain the career and achievements of Omar.

Or

- (b) Discuss the administrative reforms of Omar.

18. (a) Narrate the important events that took place during the rule of Yasjeet.

Or

- (b) Summarize the Empire building activities of Abdul Malik.

19. (a) Examine the measures taken by Al-Mansur for strengthening Abbasids Empire.

Or

- (b) Why the reign of Harun-AL-Rajid is referred as the "Glorious Age" of Arabia?

20. (a) Discuss the spread of Islam in Spain.

Or

- (b) Discuss the educational and cultural life of the Fatimids.

Code No. : 8798

Sub. Code : PHYE 22

M.A.(CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
APRIL 2019.

Second Semester

History - Elective

HISTORY OF THE ARABS FROM 570 TO 1258 A.D

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

- The period before the Prophet was
(a) Jahiliyya (b) age of advancement
(c) golden age (d) age of science
- The Ship the Desert
(a) horse (b) elephant
(c) ass (d) camel
- The office of Caliph came into effect
(a) 632 (b) 635
(c) 640 (d) 661

4. The first orthodox caliph was
(a) Abu Baker (b) Rasudeen
(c) Nasuruddin (d) Bharik
5. The capital was shifted from Kufha to Damascus by
(a) Imam Ali (b) Rasudeen
(c) Nasruddin (d) Bharik
6. The political aspects of Islam were derived from
(a) Quran (b) Sharia
(c) Shia (d) Caliph
7. The real founder of Abbasids dynasty
(a) Al Mansur (b) Imam Ali
(c) Rasudeen (d) Nasurudin
8. The Abbasid Revolution took place in
(a) 746 (b) 750
(c) 755 (d) 780
9. All the members of umayyad family were killed by
(a) Abdulla (b) Imam Ali
(c) Rasudeen (d) Nasuruddin
10. The capital of Fatimids
(a) Gairo (b) Tehran
(c) Bagdad (d) Madrid

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words

11. (a) Give an account of the Arab Kingdoms.
Or
(b) Trace the beginning of the Hejira Era.
12. (a) Bring out the achievements of Abubakr.
Or
(b) Write about the invasions of Omar Caliph.
13. (a) Examine the services of Muawiah to Islamic society.
Or
(b) Enlighten the administrative reforms of Muawiah.
14. (a) Explain the results of Abbasids confederacy.
Or
(b) Bring out the achievements of Abbasids revolution.
15. (a) Write a note on the achievements of Abdul Rahman I.
Or
(b) Write about the wars of Abdul Rahman III against christians.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 8793

Sub. Code : PHYM 21

M.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
APRIL 2019.

Second Semester

History — Core

HISTORY OF TAMILNADU FROM 1565 TO 1987 A.D.

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Sevappa Nayak, the founder of Nayakship at
 - (a) Thanjavur
 - (b) Senji
 - (c) Madurai
 - (d) Chennai

2. Thirumalai Nayak Palace was erected in
 - (a) 1636
 - (b) 1637
 - (c) 1638
 - (d) 1639
3. Maratha kingdom at Thanjavur was founded by
 - (a) Venkoji
 - (b) Shaji
 - (c) Tukkoji
 - (d) Serfoji
4. Manora was built by
 - (a) Venkoji
 - (b) Shaji
 - (c) Tukkoji
 - (d) Serfoji
5. Carnatic wars held at
 - (a) Andhra
 - (b) Tamilnadu
 - (c) Mumbai
 - (d) Kerala
6. First Indian Education Commission was
 - (a) Hunter
 - (b) Wood
 - (c) A.I.Mudaliar
 - (d) Kothari
7. Kattapommu ruled over
 - (a) Ramanad
 - (b) Nerkattumcheval
 - (c) Panchalamkuruchi
 - (d) Sivagangai

8. Vellore Mutiny took place in
- (a) 1800 (b) 1801
- (c) 1806 (d) 1807

9. Noon scheme was introduced by

- (a) M.G.R.
- (b) Rajaji
- (c) Kamaraj
- (d) Annadurai

10. The great orator of Tamil nadu was

- (a) M.G.R. (b) Rajaji
- (c) Kamaraj (d) Annadurai

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a note on the establishment of the Nayak rule in Thanjavur.

Or

- (b) Account for the origin of Poligar system in Tamil Nadu.

12. (a) Note on the establishment of Maratha regime in Thanjavur.

Or

- (b) Write about the Nawabs of Arcot.

13. (a) Why did the Europeans come to India?

Or

- (b) Explain the importance of the Jesuit Letters.

14. (a) Assess the role of Poligar.

Or

- (b) Enlighten the Patriotism of Vanchinathan.

15. (a) Brief the contributions of Kamaraj to education.

Or

- (b) Trace the origin of DMK.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Examine the achievements of Visuvanatha Nayak of Madurai.

Or

- (b) Give an account of the Political history of Sethupathis.

17. (a) Narrate the cultural contributions of the Maratha Rulers.

Or

- (b) Detail the main features of administration under the Nawabs.

18. (a) Analyze the causes and results of the Anglo-French rivalry.

Or

- (b) Outline the recommendations of Wood's Despatch.

19. (a) Examine the role of V.O.C. in the struggle for Independence.

Or

- (b) Discuss the Self-Respect movement of Periyar.

20. (a) Enlighten the causes and effects of Anti-Hindi Agitation.

Or

- (b) Sum up the achievements of A.A.D.M.K.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 8794

Sub. Code : PHYM 22

M.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Second Semester

History

HISTORY OF INDIA FROM 712 TO 1765 A.D.

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Numismatics is the study of

- (a) inscriptions (b) fossils
(c) coins (d) records

2. Somanathapuram was plundered by

- (a) Aibek
(b) Md. of Kasim
(c) Md. of Gazini
(d) Md. of Ghori

3. Qutb-Minar was built by

- (a) Aibek (b) Balban
(c) Iltumish (d) Khilji

4. Malikafur was the general of

- (a) Aibek
(b) Balban
(c) Iltumish
(d) Ala-ud-din khilji

5. Ibatkana was built by

- (a) Akbar
(b) Balban
(c) Iltumish
(d) Ala-ud-din khilji

6. Jesya tax was levied on

- (a) Hindus (b) Muslims
(c) Sikhs (d) Non-Muslims

7. Jijabai was the mother of

- (a) Aibek (b) Balban
(c) Iltumish (d) Shivaji

8. Baji Rao I was the Peshwa of
(a) Shahu (b) Shivaji
(c) Serfoji (d) Tukkoji

9. Carnatic wars held in
(a) Kerala (b) Andhra
(c) Tamilnadu (d) Mysore

10. Bengal was ruled by the
(a) Nizams (b) Nawabs
(c) Sultans (d) Emperors

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Give an account of the literary sources for the study of India.

Or

- (b) State the significance of the First battle of Tarain.

12. (a) Point out the economic reforms of Alaud-din Khalji.

Or

- (b) Explain the agricultural reforms of Feroz Tughlaq.

13. (a) Write a note on 'Babarnama'.

Or

- (b) Bring out the Akbar's religious policy.

14. (a) Account for the nature of Maratha–Mughal relation.

Or

- (b) Enlighten the impacts of Nadir Shah invasion.

15. (a) Give a note on British East India Company.

Or

- (b) Point out the provisions of the Treaty of Pondicherry.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the importance of foreign accounts in the history of India.

Or

- (b) Evaluate the impacts of Mohammad invasion on India.

17. (a) Give an estimate of Mohammad-bin-Tughlaq.

Or

- (b) Sum up the features of the administration of Delhi Sultanate.

18. (a) Trace the socio-economic condition under the Mughals.

Or

- (b) Discuss the development of architecture during the Mughals.

19. (a) Enlighten the salient features of administration under the Marathas.

Or

- (b) Analyze the causes and results of third battle of Panipat.

20. (a) Write in detail the circumstances leading to the Anglo-French rivalry.

Or

- (b) Examine the expansion of British supremacy in Bengal.
-

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Third Semester

History – Allied

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

(For those who joined in July 2017 Onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Who is called as the father of Indian Constitution?

- (a) Ambedkar
- (b) Nehru
- (c) Gandhi
- (d) Netaji

2. The concept of Fundamental rights borrowed from _____ country.

- (a) England
- (b) America
- (c) France
- (d) Russia

3. How many Fundamental duties are there in India?

- (a) 6
- (b) 7
- (c) 11
- (d) 5

4. What is the tenure of president?

- (a) 4
- (b) 8
- (c) 5
- (d) 10

5. Who is the leader of council of minister?

- (a) President
- (b) Vice President
- (c) Governor
- (d) Prime minister

6. Where is the money bill introduced in Indian Parliament?

- (a) House of people
- (b) House of states
- (c) House of lords
- (d) Senate

7. The age of retirement for supreme court judges is _____.

- (a) 62
- (b) 65
- (c) 58
- (d) 60

8. The Special feature of Lok Adalats is _____

PART B -- (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

- (a) giving cheaper and quicker justice
- (b) giving delay justice
- (c) giving capital punishment
- (d) giving justice for civil case

9. Where is the head office of the Indian election commission located?

- (a) Mumbai (b) Delhi
- (c) Lucknow (d) Chennai

10. Who is the real head in state government?

- (a) Governor
- (b) Chief minister
- (c) Finance minister
- (d) Home minister

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a note on drafting Committee of Indian Constitution.

Or

(b) Describe the features of Federal System.

12. (a) List out the qualifications of President.

Or

(b) Summarize the works of Cabinet.

13. (a) Illustrate the powers and functions of speaker.

Or

(b) Give an account of Composition of Lok sabha.

14. (a) State the Judicial review power of supreme court.

Or

(b) What do you know about the appointment of Judges?

15. (a) Discuss the functions of Chief minister.

Or

(b) Bring out the importance of Election Commission.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the special features of Indian Constitution.

Or

(b) Write an essay on Fundamental rights.

17. (a) Enumerate the Fundamental Duties.

Or

(b) List out the powers of Prime minister.

18. (a) Elucidate powers and functions of Rajya sabha.

Or

(b) Analyse the process of Law making system.

19. (a) Estimate the composition and powers of supreme court.

Or

(b) Examine the works of High Court.

20. (a) Evaluate the appointment and powers of Governor.

Or

(b) Narrate the powers of Centre - State governments.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22950 E Sub. Code : SMHI 31

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Third Semester

History — Main

HISTORY OF INDIA 1526-1772 A.D.

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. The battle of chausa was fought in

- (a) 1537 (b) 1538
(c) 1539 (d) 1541

2. What was the original name of Shersha?

- (a) Sur (b) Jamalkhan
(c) Muhammadkhan (d) Faridkhan

3. When was the second battle of Panipat occurred?

- (a) 1526 (b) 1536
(c) 1546 (d) 1556

4. Who built the palace of Dinpanah?

- (a) Akbar (b) Humayur
(c) Shahjahan (d) Auranazeb

5. Which is known as the dream of the marble stones?

- (a) Diwani-i-Am (b) Diwan-i-khas
(c) Redfort (d) Tajmahal

6. Aurangazeb introduced Jizya in

- (a) 1679 (b) 1656
(c) 1657 (d) 1658

7. The general of Bijapur Sulthan who fought against Shivaji is

- (a) Afzalkhan (b) Adamkhan
(c) Jalaluddin (d) Aramshah

8. When did the treaty of purandar sign?

- (a) 1665 (b) 1664
(c) 1761 (d) 1556

9. Allahabad treaty was signed in the year

- (a) 1762 (b) 1763
(c) 1764 (d) 1765

10. Which incident was responsible to establish dual government system in Bengal?

- (a) Battle of Plassey (b) Battle of Buxar
(c) Carnatic Wars (d) Mysore Wars

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Give an account of the Battle of Chanderi.

Or

(b) Explain the contribution of Shershah to architecture.

12. (a) Elucidate the life history of Jahangir.

Or

(b) Mention the rise and fall of Bairamkhan.

13. (a) Mention about the foreigners who visited India during Jahangir's regime.

Or

(b) Trace the religious policy of Aurangzeb.

14. (a) Discuss the revenue policy of Shivaji.

Or

(b) Examine the architectural marvels of Tajmahal.

15. (a) Review the Ambonia Massacre.

Or

(b) Point out the causes for the failure of the French power in India.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Describe the political condition of North India on the eve of Babur's invasion.

Or

- (b) Bring out the sources for Mughal history.

17. (a) Assess the religious policy of Akbar the great.

Or

- (b) Trace the role of Nurjahan in the history of the Mughals.

18. (a) How far is it true to consider Shahjahan regime as the golden age in the history of the Mughals?

Or

- (b) Describe the administration of Shahjahan.

19. (a) Critically examine the rise and fall of Maratas.

Or

- (b) Explain the conquests of Peshwas.

20. (a) Elucidate the significance of Carnatic wars.

Or

- (b) Assess the causes for the rise of British power in Bengal.

(8 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 22960 B Sub. Code : SNHI 3 A

U.G. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019.

Third Semester

History

Non Major Elective – FREEDOM MOVEMENT IN INDIA

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. இந்திய தேசிய காங்கிரசின் முதல் வட்டத்தில் கலந்து கொண்டவர்களின் எண்ணிக்கை?

- (அ) 52 (ஆ) 62
(இ) 72 (ஈ) 82

How many members attended the first session of Indian National Congress

- (a) 52 (b) 62
(c) 72 (d) 82

2. ஒத்துழையாமை இயக்கத்தை முடிவுறச் செய்த நிகழ்ச்சி
(அ) ஜாலியன் வாலாபாக் (ஆ) வங்கப் பிரிவினை
(இ) சவுரிச்சுரா (ஈ) நவகாளி

The non cooperation movement came to an end after the incident

- (a) Jallian Wallabagh (b) Partition of Bengal
(c) Chauri Chowra (d) Navakali

3. கீழ்வரும் செய்தித்தாள்களுள் ஒன்று சுதந்திர போராட்டத்தை ஆதரித்தது?

- (அ) கேசரி (ஆ) தினமலர்
(இ) தினத்தந்தி (ஈ) தினகரன்

One among the following newspapers supported the freedom struggle

- (a) Kesari (b) Dinamalar
(c) Daily Thanthi (d) Dinakaran

4. எந்த ஆண்டு கர்சான் பிரபு வங்காளத்தை இரண்டாக பிரித்தார்?

- (அ) 1900 (ஆ) 1905
(இ) 1910 (ஈ) 1915

In which year Lord Curzon partitioned Bengal?

- (a) 1900 (b) 1905
(c) 1910 (d) 1915

5. எங்கு நடைபெற்ற மாநாட்டில் காங்கிரஸ் பிளவுபட்டது?
- (அ) சூரத் (ஆ) பம்பாய்
(இ) கல்கத்தா (ஈ) காக்கி நாடா
- In which place Indian National Congress witnessed split?
- (a) Surat (b) Bombay
(c) Calcutta (d) Kakkinada
6. வேதாரண்யத்தில் உப்பு சத்தியாகிரகத்தை தலைமையேற்று நடத்தியவர்?
- (அ) எம்.இ. நாயுடு (ஆ) பிரகாசம்
(இ) ராஜாஜி (ஈ) காமராஜ்
- Vedaranyan Salt satyagraha was led by
- (a) M.E. Naidu (b) Prakasam
(c) Rajaji (d) Kamaraj
7. முதல் வட்டமேசை மாநாடு எந்த ஆண்டு நடைபெற்றது?
- (அ) 1929 (ஆ) 1930
(இ) 1931 (ஈ) 1932
- In which year the first Round Table conference was held?
- (a) 1929 (b) 1930
(c) 1931 (d) 1932

8. ஜின்னாவின் 14 அம்ச திட்டம் அறிவிக்கப்பட்ட ஆண்டு?
- (அ) 1927 (ஆ) 1928
(இ) 1929 (ஈ) 1930
- Jinnah announced his 14 points programme in
- (a) 1927 (b) 1928
(c) 1929 (d) 1930
9. ஸ்டாபோர்டு கிரிப்ப்ஸ் எந்த குழுவில் உறுப்பினராக இருந்தார்?
- (அ) சைமன் குழு (ஆ) கேபினெட் தூதர்குழு
(இ) கோத்தாரி குழு (ஈ) A.L. முதலியார் குழு
- Stafford cripps was a member of
- (a) Simon commission
(b) Cabinet mission
(c) Kothari commission
(d) A.L. Mudaliar commission
10. “டெல்லிக்கு செல்வோம்” என்ற கோஷத்தை எழுப்பியவர்?
- (அ) நேரு (ஆ) சி.ஆர். தாஸ்
(இ) நேதாஜி (ஈ) ராஜாஜி
- “Delhi Chalo” was the slogan raised by
- (a) Nehru (b) C.R. Dhas
(c) Nethaji (d) Rajaji

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (அ) கோபால் கிருஷ்ண கோகலேயின் சாதனைகளை மதிப்பிடுக.

Estimate the achievements of Gopala Krishna Gokhale.

Or

- (ஆ) பாலகங்காதர திலகரின் பணிகளை மதிப்பிடுக.

Estimate the services of Bala Gangadara Tilak.

12. (அ) பஞ்சாப் சிங்கம் லாலா லஜபதிராய் பற்றி ஒரு குறிப்பு வரைக.

Write an account on Lala Lajput Rai, the Lion of Punjab.

Or

- (ஆ) வங்கத்து பிலின் சந்திரபால் பற்றி ஒரு குறிப்பு வரைக.

Write an account on Bipin Chandra Pal of Bengal.

13. (அ) ரௌலட் சட்டம் பற்றி நீவிர் அறிவன யாவை?

What do you know about the Rowlatt Act?

Or

- (ஆ) மோதிலால் நேரு அறிக்கை (1928) பற்றி நீவிர் அறிவன யாவை?

What do you know about Motilal Nehru Report of 1928?

14. (அ) இந்திய சுதந்திரப் போரில் தீவிர தேசியத்தின் பங்கினை வெளிக்கொணர்்க.

Bring out the role of Militant Nationalism in the freedom struggle.

Or

- (ஆ) வேதாரண்யம் உப்பு சத்யாகிரகத்தின் முக்கியத்துவத்தை வெளிக்கொணர்்க.

Bring out the significance of Vedaranyaam salt Satyagraha.

15. (அ) வேவல் திட்டம் பற்றி விவரி.

Explain about the Wavell plan.

Or

- (ஆ) மவுண்ட்பேட்டன் திட்டம் பற்றி விவரி.

Explain about the Mountbattern plan.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (அ) இந்திய தேசிய காங்கிரஸ் தோன்றுவதற்கு காரணமாக சூழலை ஆராய்க.

Trace the circumstances that led to the formation of Indian National Congress.

Or

- (ஆ) சுதேசி இயக்கம் பற்றி ஒரு கட்டுரை வரைக.

Write an essay on the Swadeshi movement.

17. (அ) ஜாலியன் வாலாபாக் படுகொலை மற்றும் அதன் பின் விளைவுகள் பற்றி விவரி.

Narrate the Jalhain Wallabagh tragedy and its effects.

Or

- (ஆ) ஒத்துழையாமை இயக்கத்தின் முக்கியத்துவத்தை விவரி.

Narrate the importance of non-cooperation movement.

18. (அ) சைமன் குழுவின் பரிந்துரைகளைக் கூறி அது ஏன் தோல்வி அடைந்தது என ஆராய்க.

Mention the provisions of the Simon commission and analyse its failure.

Or

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- (ஆ) வட்டமேசை மாநாடுகளின் முக்கியத்துவத்தை கூறி அதன் விளைவுகளை ஆராய்க.

Mention the round table conference and analyse its effects.

19. (அ) எத்தகைய சூழ்நிலையில் ஜின்னா, முஸ்லீம்களுக்கு தனிநாடு கோரினார் என்பதை விளக்குக.

Under what circumstances Jinnah demanded a separate state for the Muslims – Explain.

Or

- (ஆ) “வெள்ளையனே வெளியேறு இயக்கம் தான் இந்திய சுதந்திரப் போரில் மிகப் பெரிய போராட்டம்” – விளக்குக.

Quit India movement is the biggest agitation in India's struggle for freedom – Explain.

20. (அ) இந்திய விடுதலைப் பேரில் காந்தியின் பங்கினை மதிப்பிடுக.

Estimate the role of Gandhiji in India's struggle for freedom.

Or

- (ஆ) இந்திய விடுதலைப் போரில் தமிழகத்தின் பங்கினை மதிப்பிடுக.

Estimate the role of Tamil Nadu in India's struggle for freedom.

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b)
Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Enumerate the various definitions on human rights.
Or
(b) List out the origin and development of human rights.
17. (a) Explain the salient features of universal declaration of human rights.
Or
(b) Examine the importance of UN high commission for human rights.
18. (a) Analyse the composition and functions of national human rights commission.
Or
(b) Elucidate the works of State Human Rights Commission.
19. (a) Estimate the human rights violations of aged and physically challenged.
Or
(b) Illustrate the Human Rights Violations against women.
20. (a) What is POTA? Explain.
Or
(b) Write an essay on TESMA.

Code No. : 22958 E Sub. Code : SSHI 3 A

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
APRIL 2019.

Third Semester

History – Main

Skill Based Subject – HUMAN RIGHTS

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Who signed in Magna Carta?
(a) King John (b) King Charles
(c) King George (d) King Williams
2. Legal rights are divided into _____ parts.
(a) 5 (b) 3
(c) 6 (d) 7
3. The universal declaration of Human Rights declared on _____ day.
(a) 24, October (b) 10, December
(c) 30, December (d) 2, October

4. Where did the first united nations international women conference held?
 (a) Maxico (b) Nairobi
 (c) Beijing (d) London
5. Fundamental Rights are _____.
 (a) Fundamental duties
 (b) Fundamental freedom
 (c) Fundamental sources
 (d) Fundamental demands
6. Which articles of UN declaration on human rights described about poverty?
 (a) Article 25 (b) Article 12
 (c) Article 10 (d) Article 20
7. Where is National Human Rights commission located?
 (a) Agra (b) New Delhi
 (c) Chennai (d) Mumbai
8. _____ is the main problem of Aged.
 (a) Mental depression (b) Weakness in Health
 (c) Deficity in finance (d) Property issue
9. TESMA is against to _____.
 (a) Government
 (b) Government servants
 (c) Politicians
 (d) Male
10. Right to information act is a _____ Act.
 (a) International (b) State
 (c) Parliament (d) United Nations

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
 Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a note on moral rights.
 Or
 (b) Give an account of natural rights.
12. (a) Describe the international covenant on civil and political rights.
 Or
 (b) Narrate the convention on elimination of all forms of discrimination against women.
13. (a) Bring out the differences between human rights and fundamental rights.
 Or
 (b) Compare human rights and NGO's.
14. (a) How is unemployment affected human rights.
 Or
 (b) State the violations of rights under poverty.
15. (a) Summarise the violations of rights in government jobs.
 Or
 (b) What are the importance of right to information act?